Antimicrobial Resistance Surveillance Form for Probable &

Confirmed Cases of Gonorrhoea Treatment Failure v1.1 03/07/2018



Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte Health Service Executive

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Section A: Patient Information		
1. Patient Clinic ID: 2. Clinic/Practice Name/Service:		
3. Patient Firstname: 4. Patient Second name:		
5. County / Postcode of residence:	6. HSE Area:	
7. Sex (at birth): M F 8. Date of birth: 9. Country of birth:		
10. Gender identity (This refers to a person's internal sense of themselves as being male, female, transgender or otherwise. This may be different or the same as a person's assigned sex at birth):		
Male Female Transgender male Transgender female Other		
11. Ethnic group (This should be self-reported and is that to which the individual case identifies him or herself):		
White: Black or Black Irish: Asian or Asian Irish:		
Irish African	Chinese Roma	
Irish Traveller Any other black background	Any other Asian background Other, including mixed background	
Any other white background If other ethnic gro	up or mixed background, please specify:	
12. Mode of transmission: Heterosexual Men who have sex wi	th men Other Unknown	
Section B: Treatment Failure Classification		
13. Treatment failure classification:		
Probable treatment failure	Confirmed treatment failure	
Case definition for probable treatment failure:	Case definition for confirmed treatment failure:	
A gonorrhoea patient who returns for test of cure or who has persistent genital symptoms after having received treatment for laboratory-confirmed gonorrhoea with a recommended cephalosporin regimen (ceftriaxone or cefixime in appropriate dose)	A gonorrhoea patient who returns for test of cure or who has persistent genital symptoms after having received treatment for laboratory-confirmed gonorrhoea with a recommended cephalosporin regimen (ceftriaxone or cefixime in appropriate dose)	
AND	AND	
remains positive for one of the following tests for	remains positive for one of the following tests for N. gonorrhoeae:	
N. gonorrhoeae:	presence of intracellular Gram-negative diplococci on	
presence of intracellular Gram-negative diplococci on	microscopy taken at least 72 hours after completion of	
microscopy taken at least 72 hours after completion of treatment;	treatment;	
OR	OR	
• isolation of N. gonorrhoeae by culture taken at least 72 hours after completion of treatment;	isolation of N. gonorrhoeae by culture taken at least 72	
OR	hours after completion of treatment;	
 positive nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) taken two to three weeks after completion of treatment 	ORpositive nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) taken two to	
AND	three weeks after completion of treatment	
denies sexual contact during the post-treatment follow-up period.	AND	
3.1	denies sexual contact during the post-treatment follow-up period	
	AND	
	decreased susceptibility to cephalosporin used for treatment*: • cefixime: MIC>0.12 mg/L**	
	• ceftriaxone: MIC>0.12 mg/L**	
14. Did the patient have any type of sexual contact between the start of treatment and the test of cure (second visit)?		

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Section C: Description of th	ne event
15. Please provide a short de	escription of the circumstances of the event:
Section D: Diagnosis and tr	reatment - first visit
16. Clinical service where the General practice STI clinic	
18. Site(s) of infection:	Genital Pharyngeal Other Ano-rectal Unknown If other, please specify:
19. Is the patient symptomatic	ic? Yes No 20. If yes, please describe:
21. Diagnostic test(s):	22. If culture was performed, please provide MICs:
Given the second	DenitalPharyngealAno-rectalOtherImage: Constraint of the sector of
 23. Treatment provided: 24. Date of treatment: 	Ceftriaxone 500 mg intramuscularly (IM) as a single dose together with azithromycin 1g as single oral dose Other - please specify: Antibiotic: Antibiotic: Route: Dose: Dose:
Section E: Test of cure - Se	econd visit
25. Date of second visit:27. Is the patient symptomatic	
29. Test for cure? Yes	
31. If yes, test(s) done:	32. If culture was performed, please provide MICs: Genital Pharyngeal Ano-rectal Other Genital Pharyngeal Ano-rectal Other
Microscopy: Culture: PCR: DNA probe (direct): DNA probe (culture confirmation):	Contained Find ying cal
33. Treatment provided: Ant Ant	tibiotic: Route: Dose: tibiotic: Route: Dose: Dose:

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Section F: HIV status		
34. HIV Status: Positive Negative Unknown 35. If positive, year of diagnosis:		
Section G: Contacts		
36. Is the patient a contact of another case of antimircobial resistant gonorrhoea? Yes No Unknown		
37. Total number of sexual contacts in the last 3 months (prior to diagnosis)		
38. Places and number of recent sexual contacts:		
39. How many of the patient's sexual contacts were tested for N. gonorrhoeae? 40. How many of the patient's sexual contacts tested positive for N. gonorrhoeae?		
Section H: Travel history		
Yes No Unknown 41. Has the patient had sexual contacts abroad in last 3 months? Image: Contact abroad in last 3 months? Image: Contact abroad in last 3 months? 42. Have any of the patients sexual partners had sexual contacts abroad in the last 3 months? Image: Contact abroad in last 3 months? Image: Contact abroad in last 3 months? abroad in the last 3 months? Image: Contact abroad in last 3 months? Image: Contact abroad in last 3 months? Image: Contact abroad in last 3 months?		
43. Probable country of infection:		
Section I: Risk factors		
Yes No Unknown 44. Is the patient a commercial sex worker? Image: Commercial sex worker? Image: Commercial sex worker? 45. Has the patient used illicit drugs (injection or non-injection) in the last 12 months? Image: Commercial sex worker? 46. Has the patient used illicit drugs (injection or non-injection) in the last 12 months? Image: Commercial sex worker? 47. If yes, please specify drug, frequency of use and whether injection or non-injection? Image: Commercial sex worker?		
Section J: Comments		
Section K: Form completed by		
48. Date first reported to public health:		
49. Completed by: 50. Date: 51. Position: 51. Position:		
52. Public Health Lead:		

Please return this completed form to your local Department of Public Health. See www.hpsc.ie/hpsc/NotifiableDiseases/NotifyingInfectiousDiseases/ for names and contact details