

Influenza Surveillance in Ireland – Weekly Report

Influenza Week 42 2014 (13th – 19th October 2014)



Summary

All indicators of influenza activity in Ireland were at low levels during week 42 2014.

- **Influenza-like illness (ILI):** The sentinel GP influenza-like illness (ILI) consultation rate was 4.3 per 100,000 population in week 42 2014, remaining low, and stable compared to the updated rate of 6.8 per 100,000 reported during week 41 2014.
 - ♦ ILI rates remain below the Irish baseline threshold (21.0 per 100,000 population)
 - ♦ ILI rates remain at low levels in all age groups
- **GP Out of Hours:** The proportion of influenza-related calls to GP Out-of-Hours services increased slightly, however remained at low levels during week 42 2014.
- **National Virus Reference Laboratory (NVRL):**
 - One confirmed influenza (AH3) case was reported from the NVRL from non-sentinel sources during week 42 2014. This is the first confirmed influenza case of the 2014/2015 season.
 - Five respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), two parainfluenza virus type 3 (PIV-3) and one human metapneumovirus (hMPV) positive specimens were reported from the NVRL from non-sentinel sources during week 42 2014.
- **Hospitalisation:** During week 42 2014, one confirmed influenza hospitalised case was notified.
- **ICU admissions:** No confirmed influenza cases admitted to ICU were reported to HPSC this season.
- **Mortality:** There were no reports of any influenza-associated deaths during week 42 2014.
- **Outbreaks:** No acute respiratory outbreaks were reported to HPSC during week 42 2014.
- **International:** In Europe and the United States, overall influenza activity remained at inter-seasonal levels. In Canada, influenza indicators in some regions continued to increase.

Surveillance Systems

In order to monitor influenza activity in Ireland a number of surveillance systems are currently in place:

1. Irish College of General Practitioners (ICGP) GP sentinel surveillance system
2. Virological data from the National Virus Reference Laboratory (NVRL)
3. GP Out-of-Hours surveillance system
4. Influenza notifications reported on the Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting system (CIDR)
5. Enhanced surveillance of all hospitalised confirmed influenza cases aged 0-14 years
6. Intensive Care Society of Ireland (ICSI) enhanced surveillance of all critical care patients with confirmed influenza.
7. Outbreak reporting on CIDR
8. Network of sentinel hospitals reporting hospital admission data

Further information on influenza in Ireland is available at www.hpsc.ie

1. GP sentinel surveillance system - Clinical Data

During week 42 2014, 11 influenza-like illness (ILI) cases were reported from sentinel GPs, corresponding to an ILI consultation rate of 4.3 per 100,000 population, remaining low, and stable compared to the updated rate of 6.8 per 100,000 population during week 41 2014. The ILI rate remained below the Irish baseline threshold (21/100,000 population). ILI age specific rates were low in all age groups during week 42 2014 (figures 1 & 2).

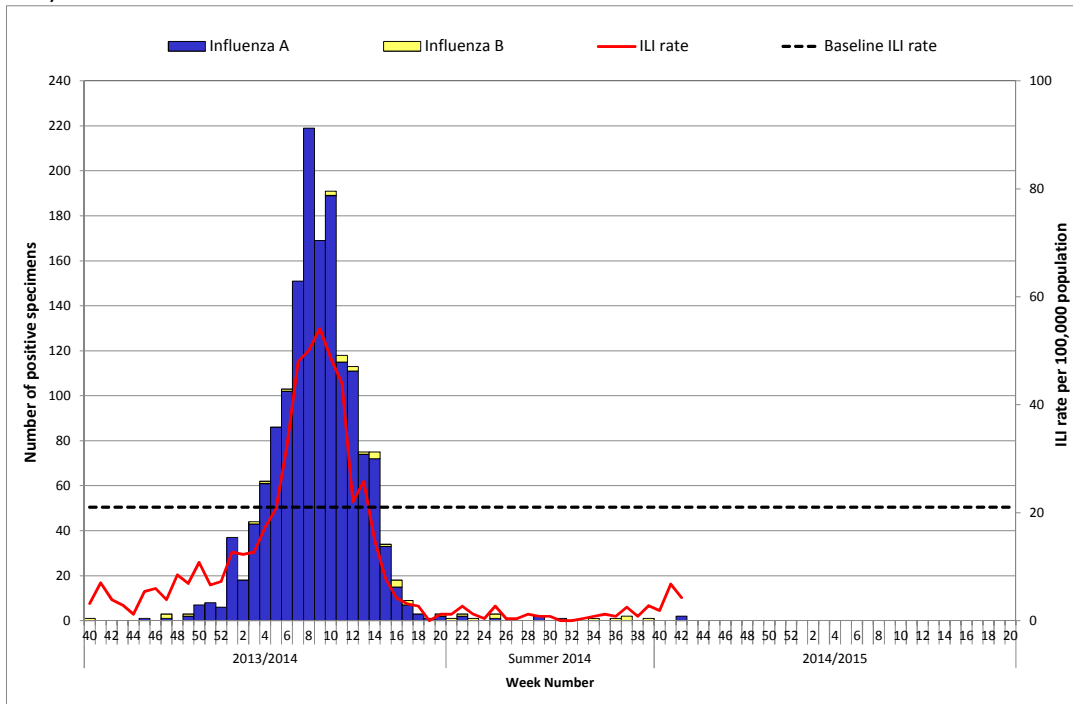


Figure 1. ILI sentinel GP consultation rates per 100,000 population, baseline ILI threshold rate, and number of positive influenza A and B specimens tested by the NVRL, by influenza week and season. *Source: ICGP and NVRL*

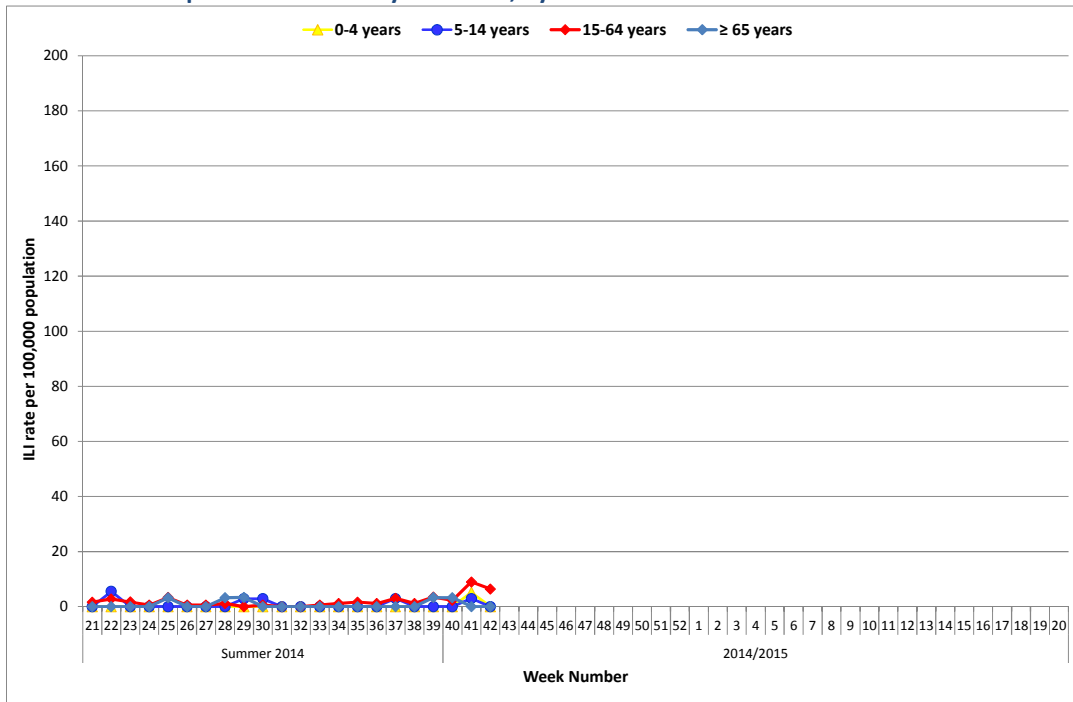


Figure 2: Age specific sentinel GP ILI consultation rate per 100,000 population by week during the summer of 2014 and the 2014/2015 influenza season to date. *Source: ICGP.*

2. Influenza and Other Respiratory Virus Detections - NVRL

The data reported in this section for the 2014/2015 influenza season refers to sentinel and non-sentinel respiratory specimens routinely tested for influenza, respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) and human metapneumovirus (hMPV) by the National Virus Reference Laboratory (NVRL). The NVRL also test respiratory specimens for adenovirus and parainfluenza viruses types 1, 2 & 3 (PIV-1, -2, & -3) upon clinical request (figure 3, tables 1 & 2).

- One confirmed influenza A(H3) case was reported from the NVRL from non-sentinel sources for week 42 2014.
- No influenza positive specimens were reported from sentinel GP sources during week 42 2014.
- Five respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), two parainfluenza virus type 3 (PIV-3) and one human metapneumovirus (hMPV) positive specimens were reported from the NVRL from non-sentinel sources during week 42 2014.

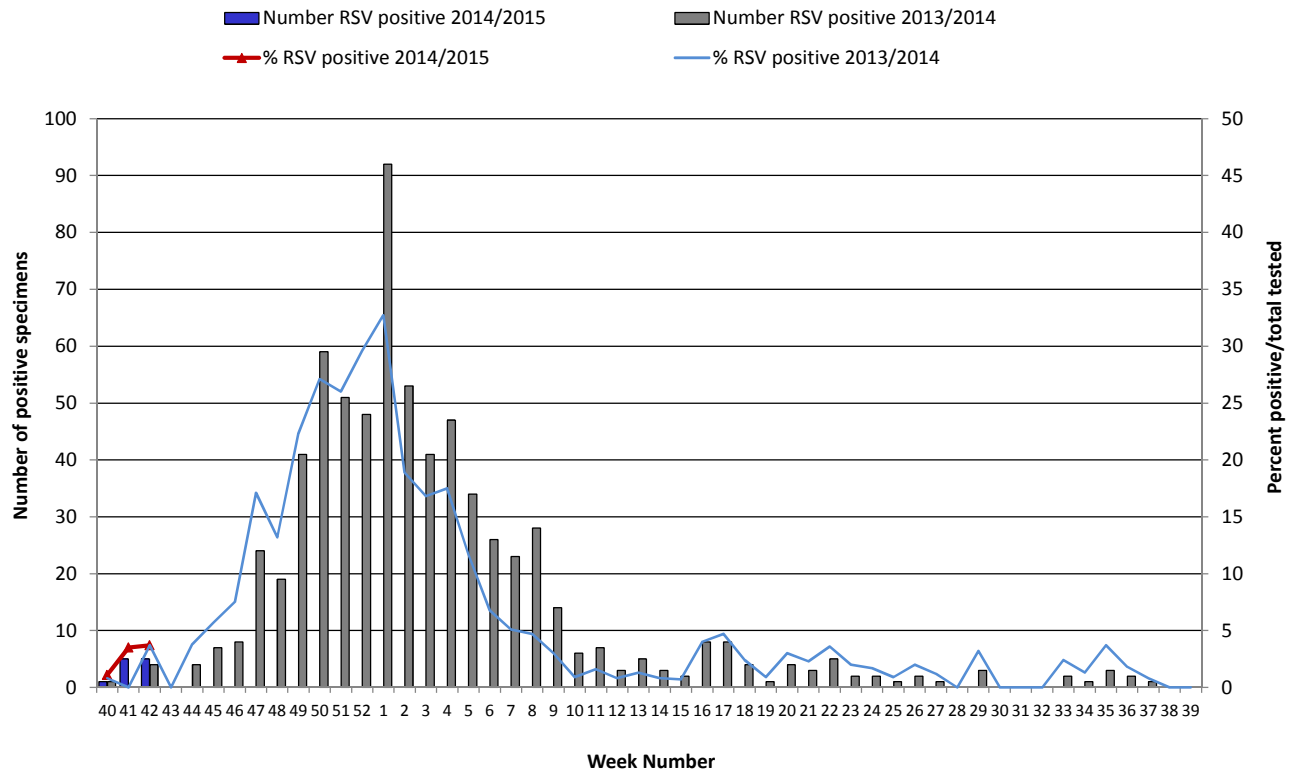


Figure 3: Number and percentage of non-sentinel RSV positive specimens detected by the NVRL during the 2014/2015 season, compared to the 2013/2014 season. Source: NVRL.

Table 1: Number of sentinel and non-sentinel* respiratory specimens tested by the NVRL and positive influenza results, for week 42 2014 and the 2014/2015 season to date. Source: NVRL

Week	Specimen type	Total tested	Number influenza positive	% Influenza positive	Influenza A				Influenza B
					A (H1)pdm09	A (H3)	A (not subtyped)	Total influenza A	
42 2014	Sentinel	6	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
	Non-sentinel	134	2*	1.5	0	1	1	2	0
	Total	140	2	1.4	0	1	1	2	0
2014/2015	Sentinel	21	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
	Non-sentinel	369	2	0.5	0	1	1	2	0
	Total	390	2	0.5	0	1	1	2	0

Table 2: Number of non-sentinel specimens tested by the NVRL for other respiratory viruses and positive results, for week 42 2014 and the 2014/2015 season to date. Source: NVRL

Week	Specimen type	Total tested	RSV	% RSV	Adenovirus	% Adenovirus	PIV-1	% PIV-1	PIV-2	% PIV-2	PIV-3	% PIV-3	PIV-4	% PIV-4	hMPV	% hMPV
42 2014	Sentinel	6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Non-sentinel	134	5	3.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	1.5	0	0.0	1	0.7
	Total	140	5	3.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	1.4	0	0.0	1	0.7
2014/2015	Sentinel	21	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Non-sentinel	369	11	3.0	2	0.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	6	1.6	0	0.0	1	0.3
	Total	390	11	2.8	2	0.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	6	1.5	0	0.0	1	0.3

* Please note that non-sentinel specimens relate to specimens referred to the NVRL (other than sentinel specimens) and may include more than one specimen from each case. During week 42 2014, two specimens were taken from one case, one tested positive for influenza A (not subtyped) and the second was positive for influenza A(H3).

3. Regional Influenza Activity by HSE-Area

Influenza activity is based on sentinel GP ILI consultation rates, laboratory data and outbreaks.

Sporadic influenza activity (based on ILI cases and/or confirmed influenza cases) was reported from HSE-E and HSE-MW during week 42 2014. All other HSE Areas reported no influenza activity during week 42 2014 (figure 4).

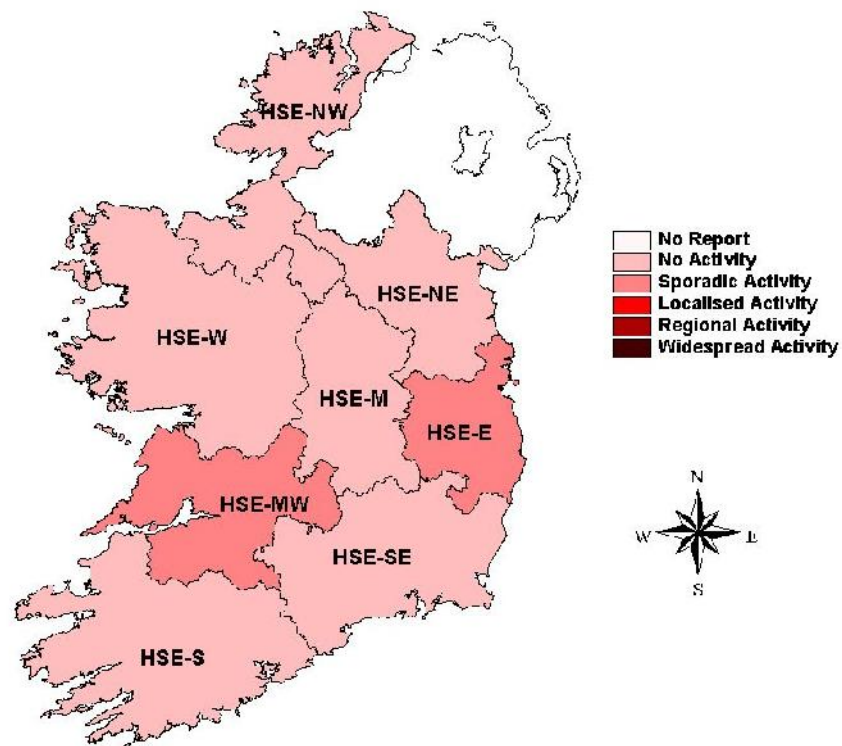


Figure 4: Map of provisional influenza activity by HSE-Area during influenza week 42 2014

Sentinel hospitals

The Departments of Public Health have established at least one sentinel hospital in each HSE-Area, to report data on total, emergency and respiratory admissions on a weekly basis.

Respiratory admissions reported from sentinel hospitals were low during week 42 2014. It should be noted that data for week 42 2014 were incomplete, with only 5/8 sentinel hospitals reporting (figure 5).

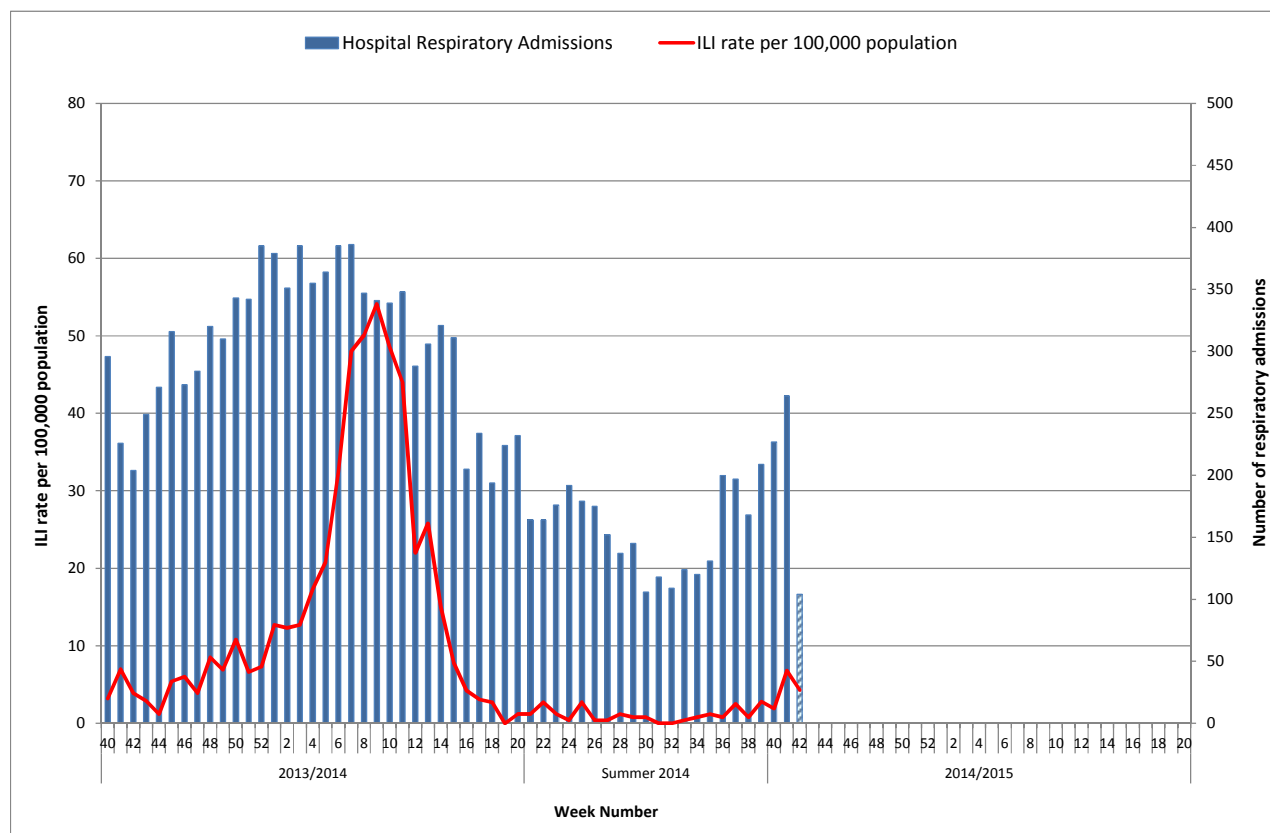


Figure 5: Number of respiratory admissions reported from sentinel hospitals and ILI sentinel GP consultation rate per 100,000 population by week and season. Source: Departments of Public Health - Sentinel Hospitals & ICGP. It should be noted that data for week 42 2014 were incomplete, with only 5/8 sentinel hospitals reporting.

4. GP Out-Of-Hours services surveillance

The Department of Public Health in HSE-NE is collating national data on calls to nine of thirteen GP Out-of-Hours services in Ireland. Records with clinical symptoms reported as flu or influenza are extracted for analysis. This information may act as an early indicator of increased ILI activity. However, data are self-reported by callers and are not based on coded influenza diagnoses.

The proportion of influenza-related calls to GP Out-of-Hours services increased during week 42 2014, however remained at low levels (figure 6).

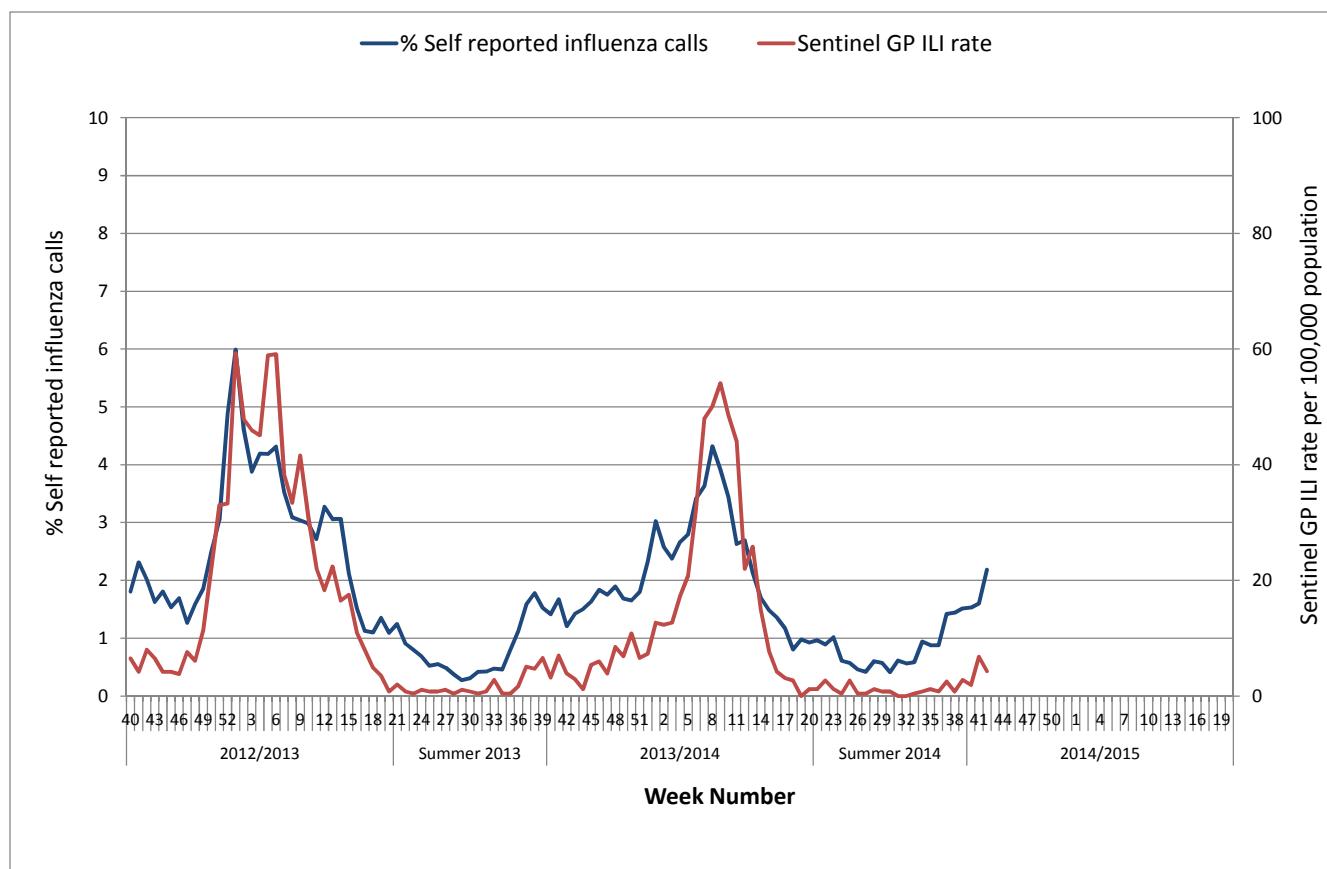


Figure 6: Self-reported influenza-related calls as a proportion of total calls to Out-of-Hours GP Co-ops and sentinel GP ILI consultation rate per 100,000 population by week and season. *Source: GP Out-Of-Hours services in Ireland (collated by HSE-NE) & ICGP.*

5. Influenza & RSV notifications

Influenza and RSV cases notifications are reported on Ireland’s Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System (CIDR), including all positive influenza /RSV specimens reported from all laboratories testing for influenza/RSV and reporting to CIDR.

Influenza and RSV notifications are reported in the [Weekly Infectious Disease Report for Ireland](#).

6. Influenza Hospitalisations

One confirmed influenza A(H3) case was reported as hospitalised during week 42 2014. This is the first confirmed influenza case reported as hospitalised to HPSC for the 2014/2015 influenza season.

7. Critical Care Surveillance

The Intensive Care Society of Ireland (ICSI) are continuing with the enhanced surveillance system set up during the 2009 pandemic, on all critical care patients with confirmed influenza. HPSC process and report on this information on behalf of the regional Directors of Public Health/Medical Officers of Health.

No confirmed influenza cases were admitted to critical care and reported to HPSC during week 42 2014.

8. Mortality Surveillance

Influenza-associated deaths include all deaths where influenza is reported as the primary/main cause of death by the physician or if influenza is listed anywhere on the death certificate as the cause of death. HPSC receives daily mortality data from the General Register Office (GRO) on all deaths from all causes registered in Ireland. These data have been used to monitor excess all-cause and influenza and pneumonia deaths as part of the influenza surveillance system and the European Mortality Monitoring Project. These data are provisional due to the time delay in deaths' registration in Ireland. <http://www.euromomo.eu/>

- There were no reports of any influenza-associated deaths occurring during week 42 2014.
- During week 42 2014, no excess all-cause mortality was reported in Ireland after correcting GRO data for reporting delays with the standardised EuroMOMO algorithm.

9. Outbreak Surveillance

No acute respiratory outbreaks were reported to HPSC during week 42 2014. To date this season, only one acute respiratory outbreak (no pathogen identified) was reported to HPSC.

10. International Summary

In Europe and the United States, overall influenza activity remained at inter-seasonal levels. In Canada, influenza indicators in some regions continued to increase during week 41 2014, mainly associated with influenza A(H3) primarily affecting those aged ≥ 65 years. Globally, influenza activity remained low, with the exception of some tropical countries in the Americas and some Pacific Islands. See [ECDC](#) and [WHO](#) influenza surveillance reports for further information.

- Further information is available on the following websites:
 - Northern Ireland <http://www.fluawareni.info/>
 - Europe – ECDC <http://ecdc.europa.eu/>
 - Public Health England <http://www.hpa.org.uk/Topics/InfectiousDiseases/InfectionsAZ/SeasonalInfluenza/>
 - United States CDC <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivitysurv.htm>
 - Public Health Agency of Canada <http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/index-eng.php>
- For up to date information on human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) virus in China including the current case numbers and the WHO assessment of the situation please see [here](#).
- Information on Middle Eastern Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus (MERS-CoV), including the latest ECDC rapid risk assessment is available on the [ECDC website](#). Further information and guidance documents are also available on the [HPSC website](#).
- Information on Enterovirus 68 (EV-D68), including the ECDC rapid risk assessment is available on the [ECDC website](#).

11. WHO recommendations on the composition of influenza virus vaccines

The WHO vaccine strain selection committee recommended that vaccines for use in the 2014/2015 influenza season (northern hemisphere winter) contain the following: an A/California/7/2009 (H1N1)pdm09-like virus; an A/Texas/50/2012 (H3N2)-like virus; a B/Massachusetts/2/2012-like virus.

Acknowledgements

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