National Pilot Study of Carbapenemase-Producing Carbapenem-Resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE) in ICU

Enhanced Surveillance Form, v1.5 (June 2011)

Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte Health Service Executive

Please complete as fully and legibly as possible

CONTACT DETAILS IN CASE FURTHER DISCUSSIONS OF THIS CASE ARE REQUIRED:

hpsc

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Name:												
Telephone Number:	Email:											
Section 1: Demographic information:												
Hospital code: Patient ID (MRN or Chart No.): Sex:												
	M F Unk											
Age: If <1 year, please state if age in days (D) or months (M): D												
Date of hospital admission:												
Admitted to this healthcare facility (HCF) from:												
Home Other Hospital Long-term	care facility Nursing Home Other											
Section 2: Clinical Information:												
At the time of CRE detection was the patient already colonised or infected with another HCAI pathogen?												
Yes No												
If YES, please indicate organism(s):												
ESBL-producing Enterobacteriaceae												
Other / multi-drug resistant organism Please state:												
Was this patient transferred to this HCF from a hospital abroad?												
If YES to hospitalisation abroad, please state country:												
Did the patient travel abroad in the 12 months prior to hospita	isation? Yes No Unk											
If YES to travel abroad, please state country/ies:												
If YES to travel abroad, please state reason(s) for travel:												
Holiday Visiting friends and relatives												
Work Other Please state:												
Medical Unk												
Risk Factors for CRE:												
Hospitalisation in last 12 months	Chronic lung disease											
ICU admission in last 12 months	Chronic liver disease											
Surgery in last 6 months Immunocompromised	Recurrent urological problems None of the above											
Diabetes mellitus												
End-stage renal disease or renal replacement therapy												
Isolation of CRE from this patient represents: Infection or Colonisation												
isolation of CRE from this patient represents:												

	PARA P	Patient ID	(MRN or Cl	hart No.):													
_	55791	F	Please rep	eat Patie	ent ID	above	to a	allov	v adeo	quate	forr	n m	atching	3			•
If YES to infection, the likely source is:																	
	Bacteraemia without obvious focus Genital tract																
	Central nervous system				Skin / soft tissue												
	Respiratory tract				Surgical wound												
	Urinary tract			Infection of prosthetic material													
	Intra-abdominal				Other				e state								
Oute	come:						Γ										
	Survived and remain	ains an ing	patient in IC	U			-	I	•						-	<u> </u>	
	Survived and disc	harged fro	om ICU		E	Date of	disch	arge	:		/ []/[2 0)		
	Died					Date	e of c	leath	n:		/]/[2 ()]
SECTION 3: ANTIMICROBIAL INFORMATION																	
Antimicrobials administered during this admission PRIOR to CRE isolation:																	
	Beta-Lactam + be		-		1	amycin		501a	uon.)
	Cephalosporin			·	Amika	-											
	Meropenem				1	ycline											
	Ertapenem				Colist												
	Aztreonam				Chlor	amphei	nicol										
	Fluoroquinolone				Co-tri	imoxazo	ole										
	Gentamicin				•												
lf ti	his represents CR	E infectio	on, please s	state the	agents	used t	to tre	eat tl	nis infe	ection	:						
	_	Numbe	er of days g	jiven:													
	Meropenem		days														
	Ertapenem		days														
	Aztreonam		days														
	Fluoroquinolone		days														
	Gentamicin		days														
	Tobramycin		days														
	Amikacin		days														
	Tigecycline		days														
	Colistin		days														
	Chloramphenicol		days														
	Co-trimoxazole		days														
Did	Did initial choice of empiric antimicrobial therapy cover the CRE isolated?																
If NO	If NO, how many days elapsed between date of culture and date of initiation of appropriate antimicrobial therapy?)								
	days																
SECTION 4: OTHER RELEVANT CLINICAL INFORMATION:																	



NATIONAL PILOT STUDY OF CARBAPENEMASE-PRODUCING CRE IN ICU Enhanced Surveillance Form, v1.5 (June 2011)

LABORATORY CONTACT DETAILS IN CASE FURTHER DISCUSSIONS OF THIS ISOLATE ARE REQUIRED:

Name:										
Telephone Number:	Email:									
SECTION 5: LABORATORY INFORMATION:										
Laboratory code: Hospital code: Patient ID (MR	N or Chart No.):									
Date of birth:	Sex: M F Unk									
Specimen number:	Specimen date:									
Specimen Type:										
Rectal screen Other sterile site Please s										
Blood Other non-sterile site Please s	state:									
CSF										
Organism: E. coli K. pneumoniae O	ther - please state:									
Antimicrobial susceptibility testing (AST) method used:	EUCAST CLSI BSAC									
AST results: Meropenem R I	S Meropenem MIC, if I/R: mg/L									
Imipenem R I	S Imipenem MIC, if I/R: mg/L									
Ertapenem R I	S Ertapenem MIC, if I/R: mg/L									
3rd-Generation Cephalosporin R	S Fluoroquinolone R I S									
Aztreonam R I	S Tigecycline R I S									
Gentamicin R I	S Colistin R S									
Tobramycin R I	S Chloramphenicol R I S									
Amikacin R I	S Co-trimoxazole R I S									
Is this case part of a suspected outbreak? Yes No										
Was this isolate referred to the Reference Laboratory (NUI Galway) for confirmation of the CRE?										
The case classification of this carbapenemase-producing CRE is: Confirmed Probable										
If CONFIRMED, please state resistance gene: KPC OXA										
	Other Please state:									

SECTION 6: OTHER RELEVANT LABORATORY INFORMATION:

Please return the ORIGINAL form to HPSC, 25-27 Middle Gardiner Street, Dublin 1 and a COPY to your local Dept of Public Health