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Abbreviations Used Here

BSI - Bloodstream Infections

CVC - Central Venous Catheter

EARS-Net – European Antimicrobial Resistance Surveillance Network

MRSA – Meticillin Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*

MSSA – Meticillin Sensitive *Staphylococcus aureus*

PNSP – Penicillin Non-Susceptible *S. pneumoniae*

PSSP – Penicillin Susceptible *S. pneumoniae*

PVC – Peripheral Venous Catheter

VRE – Vancomycin Resistant Enterococci

VSE – Vancomycin Sensitive Enterococci

From the HPSC website click on "Topics A-Z", then on "Enhanced Bacteraemia Surveillance" for the appropriate page.

Also visit the HPSC website for information on Care Bundles, Hand Hygiene, Antibiotic Resistance and Antibiotic Consumption

On behalf of the Irish EARS-Net Steering Group with thanks to all the participating hospital-laboratories

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Enhanced EARS-Net Surveillance REPORT FOR 2013 DATA

Key Points

- Enhanced data were collected on 1908 EARS-Net blood-culture isolates for 2013, from 11 laboratories
- Results for 2013 are broadly in line with data from previous years:
 - Reduction in the proportion of S. aureus BSI due to CVC as source seen in 2012 has reversed to 23% for MRSA and 20% for MSSA BSI
 - The most common primary sources of enterococcal BSI were CVC and intra-abdominal/GI tract infection
 - Majority of fluoroquinolone resistant E. coli, K. pneumonia and P. aeruginosa BSI were healthcare-associated in contrast to fluoroquinolone susceptible E. coli. The most common source of E. coli BSI was urinary tract infection with 5% being associated with the presence of a urinary catheter
 - o Increase in potentially hospital-acquired PNSP BSI continues
- A new form of enhanced EARS-Net surveillance was piloted in 2013

Introduction

The European Antimicrobial Resistance Surveillance Network (EARS-Net) collects information on antibiotic resistance of bacteria causing invasive infection. Since 2004, additional clinical information has been collected including risk factors and sources of infection and patient outcome. This report summarises information on patients with bloodstream infection (BSI) from 2006 to end of 2013.

Results

Data from 11 laboratories were available. Enhanced data records collected for 2013 (n = 1908) which represents 36.6% of all the isolates of the core EARS-Net dataset for the same time.

Table 1. Overview of data including organism, antibiotic resistance, age, gender and onset of bloodstream infection.

		Total for 2013	Percent female	Mean age in years	Detected <48 hours after admission	Detected >5 days after admission
Staphylococcus	Meticillin Resistant (MRSA)	97	25%	69.0	59%	34%
aureus	Meticillin Susceptible	327	37%	57.7	66%	23%
Streptococcus	Penicillin non-Susceptible	21	29%	59.3	67%	19%
pneumoniae	Penicillin Susceptible	89	52%	61.5	90%	4%
Enterococci	Vancomycin Resistant	84	45%	66.2	18%	76%
	Vancomycin Sensitive	196	40%	65.3	41%	47%
Foobariabia agli	Fluoroquinolone Resistant	234	46%	72.1	73%	22%
Escherichia coli	Fluoroquinolone Susceptible	672	56%	67.7	77%	16%
Klebsiella pneum	oniae	117	37%	65.7	49%	41%
Pseudomonas ae	eruginosa	71	44%	67.5	54%	34%

Main findings for 2013

Please see Appendix 1 for a complete breakdown for all organisms.

1. S. aureus (Appendix 1A)

- 69% MRSA and 63% MSSA bloodstream infection were classified as healthcare-associated
- Between 2010 and 2012, there had been a reduction in the proportion of *S. aureus* bloodstream infection due to CVC as source, however, this trend has reversed in 2013:
 - o MRSA 23% CVC, 3% PVC
 - MSSA 20% CVC, 8% PVC
- The most common risk factors reported were recent surgery, malignancy and stay in an intensive care unit

2. Enterococcal BSI (Appendix 1D)

- The majority of VRE (92%) and VSE (74%) bloodstream infection were healthcare-associated
- The most common primary sources of enterococcal bloodstream infection were CVC and intraabdominal/GI tract infection

3. Pneumococcal BSI (Appendix 1B)

- There was a shift in the way S. pneumoniae BSI are acquired. For Penicillin Non-Susceptible S. pneumoniae (PNSP), the proportion of isolates that were detected within two days after admission decreased from 95% in 2011 to 95% in 2012 and 67% in 2013, and for Penicillin Susceptible S. pneumoniae (PSSP) this has decreased from 92% in 2011 to 77% in 2012 and 90% 2013. The number of PNSP BSI isolates for which there is enhanced information is small, therefore, these results must be viewed with caution
- Respiratory tract infection remains the most common source of pneumococcal bloodstream infection

Further information on Invasive Pneumococcal Disease can be found on the HPSC website: http://www.hpsc.ie/hpsc/A-Z/VaccinePreventable/PneumococcalDisease/EpidemiologicalData/

4. E. coli (Appendix 1C)

- The majority of fluoroquinolone resistant *E. coli*, bloodstream infection were healthcare-associated in contrast to 44% fluoroquinolone susceptible *E. coli*.
- The most common source of *E. coli* bloodstream infection was urinary tract infection with 5% being associated with the presence of a urinary catheter.

5. K. pneumonia & P. aeruginosa BSI (Appendix 1E)

• Similar findings in line with *E. coli* BSI, although respiratory tract was also indicated as source organ site.

Further information on EARS-Net can be found on the HPSC website:

http://www.hpsc.ie/hpsc/A-Z/MicrobiologyAntimicrobialResistance/EuropeanAntimicrobialResistanceSurveillanceSystemEARSS/

Circle items that apply

			117
		EARS-Net	
		Laboratory Code	
		EARS-Net Hospital	
		Code	
PART OF	Same as each	Patient number	
DATA	EARSS-Net isolate	Specimen number	
		Organism code	sau eco efa efm kpn pae spn
		Date of admission (dd/mm/yyyy)	
		Probable	V N /do not complete the rest of form if 'V')
		contaminant	Y N (do not complete the rest of form if 'Y')
		Healthcare-	This Hosp Other Hosp Long Stay Facility
		association	Community Unknown
		Device (catheter)-	
	_	associated	Y N
	Device	Type of device	PVC CVC CVC-PICC Dialysis Catheter
			Urinary Catheter Other
LEVEL 1		Implant-associated	Y N
	Implant	Type of implant	
		(free text)	
		Procedure-	Y I N I
		associated	Y N
	Procedure	Name of procedure	
		(free text)	
		Any additional	
		information (free	
		text) Source organ site	
		(one from list):	Respiratory Gastroinstestinal Hepatobilliary
		(one from fist).	Bone and joint Head and neck Central nervous system
			Urinary tract Genital tract
			Skin/Soft tissue – surgical wound Skin/Soft tissue–other
			Cardiovascular Other Unknown
		Further	
		information on	
		source	
LEVEL 2		Neutropaenia	Y N
		Acquired in critical care	Y N
		Outcome	Discharged Died Still in Hosp Unknown
		Date of discharge	
		or death	
		(dd/mm/yyyy)	
		Antibiotic	
		exposure (free text	
		list)	

Appendix 1A. Breakdown for **MRSA** – Meticillin Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* and **MSSA** – Meticillin Sensitive *Staphylococcus aureus*

		MRSA 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 200										MSSA									
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013					
Demographic	Gender Female	39%	46%	44%	35%	35%	33%	32%	25%	36%	32%	37%	35%	35%	33%	35%	37%				
Bernograpino	Mean age in years	68.2	65.8	68.5	68.5	66.4	67.1	69.0	69.0	54.9	55.5	55.8	60.4	57.6	57.7	58.9	57.7				
Length of Stay	Less than or equal to 2 days	27%	31%	35%	45%	36%	51%	54%	59%	51%	48%	51%	56%	59%	56%	66%	66%				
Length of Stay	Greater than 5 days	52%	48%	43%	46%	54%	37%	37%	34%	25%	25%	26%	29%	26%	26%	21%	23%				
	Community	5%	7%	8%	11%	12%	19%	21%	19%	23%	18%	24%	24%	23%	22%	25%	24%				
Association	HCA: not in reporting hospital	14%	19%	22%	23%	15%	19%	19%	21%	12%	23%	19%	21%	20%	16%	17%	17%				
Association	HCA: in reporting hospital	74%	68%	67%	64%	72%	51%	51%	48%	58%	51%	51%	52%	54%	50%	47%	46%				
	Unknown	7%	5%	3%	3%	1%	10%	9%	12%	7%	8%	6%	4%	2%	12%	12%	13%				
	Central venous catheter	24%	27%	22%	18%	28%	23%	14%	23%	27%	21%	17%	21%	21%	19%	17%	20%				
	Peripheral venous catheter	6%	4%	8%	9%	7%	3%	10%	3%	7%	8%	9%	7%	6%	7%	11%	8%				
	Intra-abdominal / GI tract	2%	5%	1%	2%	1%	2%	0%	0%	1%	3%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%				
	Respiratory tract	12%	13%	8%	11%	9%	9%	10%	10%	5%	6%	5%	5%	3%	3%	4%	4%				
	Skin or Soft tissue	11%	11%	13%	14%	11%	13%	12%	23%	11%	18%	13%	14%	13%	11%	15%	19%				
Primary source	Surgical wound	2%	3%	2%	3%	1%	1%	1%	5%	2%	3%	3%	4%	3%	3%	3%	3%				
	Non-surgical wound	2%	3%	1%	3%	3%	2%	1%	3%	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	3%				
	Urinary tract without catheter	3%	4%	2%	2%	0%	1%	1%	3%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%				
	Urinary catheter	4%	3%	4%	4%	2%	2%	1%	4%	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%				
	Other source	3%	2%	3%	3%	10%	5%	8%	3%	5%	2%	5%	7%	14%	7%	6%	7%				
	Unknown	32%	26%	37%	34%	28%	40%	41%	23%	39%	36%	44%	40%	36%	46%	39%	34%				
	Diabetes	8%	7%	7%	8%	9%	11%	5%	11%	7%	3%	6%	7%	8%	6%	9%	6%				
	Haemodialysis	9%	9%	11%	13%	11%	8%	3%	3%	16%	4%	5%	9%	14%	12%	8%	8%				
	Stay in intensive care unit	13%	10%	9%	10%	11%	10%	10%	15%	8%	8%	8%	4%	9%	8%	7%	5%				
Risk factors	Immunosupression	14%	7%	9%	10%	10%	10%	4%	7%	16%	13%	14%	11%	12%	10%	9%	11%				
	Malignancy	16%	25%	25%	17%	21%	14%	9%	13%	15%	21%	19%	18%	17%	15%	17%	16%				
	Recent surgery	15%	18%	13%	12%	17%	16%	21%	19%	7%	10%	8%	8%	10%	8%	10%	9%				
	Other	21%	26%	18%	25%	28%	14%	12%	10%	19%	22%	18%	19%	17%	18%	17%	15%				
	Abscess	1%	3%	2%	1%	4%	5%	3%	5%	3%	1%	6%	4%	6%	4%	5%	6%				
	Endocarditis	2%	1%	2%	6%	5%	2%	4%	2%	5%	4%	3%	4%	8%	5%	6%	4%				
	Meningitis	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%				
Clinical feature	Neutropaenia	0%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	2%	2%	1%	0%	1%	2%				
	Osteomyelitis	1%	3%	2%	1%	2%	6%	0%	6%	3%	4%	4%	3%	3%	2%	3%	2%				
	Septic Arthritis	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	4%	1%	0%	2%	3%	3%	2%	3%	3%	3%				
	Other	1%	9%	11%	11%	13%	10%	8%	11%	1%	6%	9%	11%	13%	12%	15%	10%				
Total		285	190	180	195	175	109	78	97	347	264	299	470	495	312	260	327				

Appendix 1B. Breakdown for **PNSP** – Penicillin non-Susceptible *Streptococcus pneumoniae* and **PSSP** – Penicillin Susceptible *Streptococcus pneumoniae*

					PN	SP		PSSP									
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	
Demographic	Gender Female	74%	48%	44%	48%	44%	33%	39%	29%	40%	43%	41%	43%	48%	40%	41%	52%
Demographic	Mean age in years	48.3	53.7	44.5	61.5	65.6	68.6	57.8	59.3	50.4	54.8	52.3	57.1	58.6	60.1	63.5	61.5
Length of Stay	Less than or equal to 2 days	52%	68%	69%	68%	91%	95%	65%	67%	74%	63%	70%	65%	89%	92%	77%	90%
Length of Stay	Greater than 5 days	10%	4%	8%	8%	6%	0%	26%	19%	9%	11%	4%	12%	8%	5%	8%	4%
	Community	42%	48%	56%	32%	56%	29%	32%	43%	56%	46%	46%	45%	58%	55%	50%	48%
Association	HCA: not in reporting hospital	10%	24%	17%	32%	24%	29%	13%	24%	15%	20%	23%	23%	18%	13%	13%	20%
71000000000	HCA: in reporting hospital	10%	4%	11%	8%	6%	5%	32%	19%	12%	13%	7%	13%	9%	7%	11%	10%
	Unknown	39%	24%	17%	28%	15%	38%	23%	14%	17%	21%	23%	20%	15%	25%	27%	21%
	Central venous catheter	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Peripheral venous catheter	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%
	Intra-abdominal / GI tract	0%	0%	6%	0%	3%	5%	0%	5%	1%	1%	0%	2%	1%	2%	0%	0%
	Respiratory tract	48%	60%	50%	64%	62%	38%	65%	67%	65%	66%	61%	64%	59%	62%	57%	67%
	Skin or Soft tissue	0%	4%	0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	5%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	0%
Primary source	Surgical wound	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Non-surgical wound	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Urinary tract without catheter	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%
	Urinary catheter	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Other source	6%	0%	0%	0%	9%	5%	3%	0%	1%	2%	2%	1%	11%	0%	2%	1%
	Unknown	45%	36%	44%	36%	26%	48%	32%	24%	32%	31%	36%	32%	28%	34%	40%	30%
	Diabetes	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	5%	1%	3%	1%	2%	2%	0%	3%	2%
	Haemodialysis	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	3%	0%	3%	2%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	2%
	Stay in intensive care unit	0%	4%	3%	0%	3%	10%	0%	5%	3%	2%	1%	4%	3%	6%	6%	4%
Risk factors	Immunosupression	3%	16%	8%	8%	9%	10%	23%	5%	10%	13%	9%	12%	11%	13%	12%	10%
	Malignancy	6%	20%	11%	20%	15%	24%	29%	29%	8%	9%	13%	18%	12%	12%	14%	10%
	Recent surgery	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	10%	0%	1%	0%	1%	2%	1%	0%	1%	2%
	Other	13%	12%	14%	4%	9%	5%	16%	5%	18%	13%	20%	9%	15%	9%	14%	3%
	Abscess	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%
	Endocarditis	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
	Meningitis	0%	0%	8%	0%	3%	10%	6%	0%	3%	3%	3%	4%	5%	2%	3%	2%
Clinical feature	Neutropaenia	0%	4%	6%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	3%	2%	0%	1%	1%	2%	0%
	Osteomyelitis	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	0%
	Septic Arthritis	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%
	Other	0%	16%	0%	40%	12%	19%	29%	10%	0%	8%	11%	17%	19%	21%	14%	18%
Total		31	25	36	25	34	21	31	21	156	114	142	120	138	107	111	89

Appendix 1C. Breakdown for **FQREC** – Fluoroquinolone Resistant *Escherichia coli* and **FQSEC** – Fluoroquinolone Sensitive *Escherichia coli*

					FQI	RFC		FQSEC									
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013		
	Gender Female	48%	39%	43%	48%	50%	41%	42%	46%	58%	60%	58%	58%	58%	59%	58%	56%
Demographic	Mean age in years	69.2	69.2	70.0	71.0	70.3	71.8	71.5	72.1	62.2	66.8	64.7	67.1	67.4	66.3	68.6	67.7
Langth of Ctore	Less than or equal to 2 days	38%	37%	38%	55%	60%	63%	59%	73%	49%	49%	52%	54%	69%	69%	68%	77%
Length of Stay	Greater than 5 days	40%	34%	34%	20%	31%	30%	28%	22%	24%	17%	19%	21%	23%	21%	16%	16%
	Community	15%	11%	15%	23%	18%	18%	17%	20%	33%	28%	31%	32%	38%	38%	38%	38%
Association	HCA: not in reporting hospital	18%	20%	20%	29%	28%	17%	23%	25%	11%	18%	20%	19%	20%	15%	18%	20%
ASSOCIATION	HCA: in reporting hospital	48%	50%	44%	37%	42%	49%	39%	30%	34%	27%	28%	31%	32%	30%	25%	25%
	Unknown	19%	19%	21%	12%	12%	16%	21%	25%	22%	27%	21%	19%	10%	17%	19%	18%
	Central venous catheter	8%	9%	4%	3%	2%	2%	2%	1%	6%	4%	3%	4%	2%	2%	2%	1%
	Peripheral venous catheter	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Intra-abdominal / GI tract	15%	16%	16%	22%	15%	19%	17%	17%	12%	16%	16%	20%	18%	18%	17%	18%
	Respiratory tract	4%	2%	2%	3%	4%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%	4%	3%	2%	2%	1%
	Skin or Soft tissue	0%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%
Primary source	Surgical wound	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
	Non-surgical wound	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Urinary tract without catheter	31%	21%	24%	28%	28%	22%	23%	28%	35%	30%	32%	32%	30%	34%	36%	43%
	Urinary catheter	11%	13%	9%	9%	8%	20%	9%	6%	3%	5%	4%	5%	5%	5%	3%	5%
	Other source	0%	2%	2%	0%	8%	0%	0%	2%	2%	1%	2%	1%	12%	1%	1%	1%
	Unknown	31%	36%	41%	31%	30%	33%	44%	42%	38%	40%	40%	34%	29%	37%	37%	30%
	Diabetes	1%	2%	6%	4%	3%	3%	3%	2%	3%	4%	4%	3%	4%	3%	4%	2%
	Haemodialysis	3%	2%	1%	3%	3%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
	Stay in intensive care unit	7%	8%	4%	6%	6%	3%	5%	3%	6%	3%	4%	2%	5%	4%	3%	4%
Risk factors	Immunosupression	20%	14%	7%	12%	16%	7%	11%	11%	14%	7%	9%	10%	13%	14%	12%	8%
	Malignancy	19%	29%	26%	29%	29%	17%	21%	18%	14%	19%	20%	22%	21%	19%	16%	13%
	Recent surgery	9%	12%	10%	14%	14%	10%	8%	7%	9%	7%	7%	6%	8%	7%	3%	5%
	Other	13%	27%	19%	17%	16%	18%	12%	17%	14%	17%	12%	12%	16%	12%	12%	11%
	Abscess	1%	1%	2%	1%	3%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%
	Endocarditis	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Meningitis	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Clinical feature	Neutropaenia	0%	2%	3%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	2%
	Osteomyelitis	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Septic Arthritis	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Other	0%	9%	8%	10%	11%	12%	11%	12%	1%	4%	7%	10%	13%	13%	15%	11%
Total		167	161	180	230	274	203	237	234	519	473	594	652	865	668	661	672

Appendix 1D. Breakdown for **VRE** – Vancomycin Resistant Enterococci and **VSE** – Vancomycin Sensitive Enterococci

		VRE										VSE									
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013						
Domographia	Gender Female	23%	41%	48%	34%	45%	49%	40%	45%	42%	45%	42%	44%	43%	38%	39%	40%				
Demographic	Mean age in years	62.9	59.6	64.8	62.6	59.5	61.2	66.6	66.2	61.6	64.0	63.5	65.4	62.8	65.9	66.2	65.3				
Length of Stay	Less than or equal to 2 days	18%	9%	5%	10%	8%	16%	18%	18%	29%	23%	25%	31%	33%	39%	33%	41%				
Length of Stay	Greater than 5 days	75%	76%	76%	77%	87%	73%	70%	76%	48%	46%	48%	45%	55%	54%	52%	47%				
	Community	5%	0%	2%	1%	2%	10%	8%	4%	14%	9%	9%	15%	12%	16%	11%	14%				
Association	HCA: not in reporting hospital	11%	4%	6%	9%	5%	8%	4%	6%	9%	12%	15%	15%	12%	13%	13%	16%				
ASSOCIATION	HCA: in reporting hospital	80%	89%	85%	83%	92%	81%	82%	86%	65%	61%	64%	56%	70%	63%	63%	58%				
	Unknown	5%	7%	8%	6%	1%	2%	6%	5%	12%	18%	13%	13%	7%	9%	13%	12%				
	Central venous catheter	32%	35%	21%	29%	19%	13%	23%	19%	24%	13%	13%	10%	13%	15%	13%	11%				
	Peripheral venous catheter	2%	0%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%				
	Intra-abdominal / GI tract	7%	13%	26%	27%	30%	33%	30%	31%	19%	25%	23%	28%	25%	24%	19%	21%				
	Respiratory tract	5%	2%	3%	1%	2%	0%	0%	1%	3%	3%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%				
	Skin or Soft tissue	2%	2%	3%	1%	2%	2%	0%	2%	3%	0%	4%	2%	1%	2%	2%	2%				
Primary source	Surgical wound	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%				
	Non-surgical wound	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%				
	Urinary tract without catheter	2%	2%	2%	3%	2%	3%	4%	4%	7%	4%	8%	6%	4%	5%	6%	7%				
	Urinary catheter	0%	2%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	2%	2%	6%	5%	3%	5%	3%	8%	4%				
	Other source	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	2%	2%	3%	2%	1%	3%	3%				
	Unknown	43%	43%	44%	36%	42%	49%	40%	38%	37%	45%	43%	44%	46%	49%	47%	51%				
	Diabetes	0%	0%	5%	0%	5%	0%	3%	2%	5%	1%	3%	6%	3%	5%	5%	3%				
	Haemodialysis	7%	9%	2%	9%	6%	0%	4%	4%	7%	5%	2%	4%	4%	3%	2%	2%				
	Stay in intensive care unit	39%	30%	14%	27%	25%	17%	17%	20%	25%	19%	16%	13%	15%	14%	9%	15%				
Risk factors	Immunosupression	27%	30%	21%	30%	24%	24%	36%	20%	12%	16%	12%	12%	14%	18%	14%	10%				
	Malignancy	11%	33%	42%	49%	49%	37%	36%	31%	20%	29%	26%	33%	28%	23%	26%	16%				
	Recent surgery	11%	15%	20%	21%	27%	11%	23%	26%	24%	18%	15%	15%	20%	13%	16%	11%				
	Other	18%	24%	18%	13%	14%	22%	17%	14%	22%	11%	21%	18%	18%	10%	12%	19%				
	Abscess	0%	2%	5%	4%	6%	3%	1%	2%	1%	3%	4%	1%	3%	2%	3%	1%				
	Endocarditis	5%	4%	3%	0%	1%	0%	1%	2%	2%	2%	4%	5%	3%	3%	2%	3%				
	Meningitis	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%				
Clinical feature	Neutropaenia	0%	9%	12%	8%	7%	8%	9%	1%	2%	2%	4%	2%	1%	3%	3%	4%				
	Osteomyelitis	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%				
	Septic Arthritis	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%				
	Other	0%	2%	6%	9%	7%	8%	8%	4%	1%	4%	8%	9%	11%	9%	13%	9%				
Total		44	46	66	77	84	63	77	84	181	184	227	218	246	199	195	196				

Appendix 1E. Breakdown for KPN - Klebsiella pneumonia and PAE - Pseudomonas aeruginosa

					KF	N		PAE									
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	
Demographic	Gender Female	37%	36%	39%	41%	48%	39%	47%	37%	47%	46%	30%	40%	38%	36%	47%	44%
Bernegrapine	Mean age in years	58.3	65.8	63.1	63.9	62.1	64.0	64.1	65.7	66.2	66.8	68.3	66.2	67.7	69.8	68.9	67.5
Length of Stay	Less than or equal to 2 days	28%	39%	35%	49%	45%	42%	44%	49%	32%	25%	34%	34%	48%	54%	53%	54%
Longin or Olay	Greater than 5 days	48%	35%	44%	34%	43%	45%	42%	41%	40%	42%	43%	41%	44%	35%	33%	34%
	Community	16%	12%	18%	25%	18%	15%	20%	15%	9%	14%	8%	9%	13%	16%	19%	21%
Association	HCA: not in reporting hospital	12%	26%	18%	16%	15%	10%	14%	18%	17%	12%	22%	22%	21%	14%	21%	17%
Association	HCA: in reporting hospital	58%	47%	53%	44%	56%	57%	52%	56%	53%	51%	56%	53%	61%	48%	44%	46%
	Unknown	14%	15%	11%	14%	11%	18%	14%	10%	21%	23%	15%	16%	5%	22%	16%	15%
	Central venous catheter	16%	12%	12%	17%	9%	8%	14%	9%	11%	7%	6%	14%	14%	4%	12%	7%
	Peripheral venous catheter	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Intra-abdominal / GI tract	18%	24%	26%	29%	20%	25%	21%	26%	4%	7%	11%	17%	7%	12%	5%	10%
	Respiratory tract	11%	10%	9%	10%	5%	7%	6%	6%	11%	10%	13%	11%	9%	4%	18%	6%
	Skin or Soft tissue	0%	3%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	6%	3%	3%	2%	5%	7%	4%	6%
Primary source	Surgical wound	5%	0%	1%	1%	2%	0%	1%	0%	0%	3%	3%	1%	0%	4%	0%	0%
	Non-surgical wound	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	6%	1%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%
	Urinary tract without catheter	10%	8%	13%	12%	9%	12%	14%	13%	11%	9%	3%	8%	13%	6%	7%	15%
	Urinary catheter	1%	5%	4%	1%	7%	9%	6%	11%	2%	9%	19%	3%	11%	9%	4%	4%
	Other source	0%	2%	2%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	3%	0%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%
	Unknown	40%	36%	32%	29%	43%	39%	38%	34%	49%	48%	42%	40%	38%	52%	48%	51%
	Diabetes	1%	4%	4%	6%	3%	4%	4%	4%	2%	6%	4%	5%	7%	1%	0%	3%
	Haemodialysis	2%	1%	1%	1%	3%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	3%	1%	3%	3%	3%
	Stay in intensive care unit	11%	11%	4%	6%	11%	7%	11%	9%	11%	12%	14%	9%	10%	6%	16%	14%
Risk factors	Immunosupression	20%	21%	17%	12%	24%	27%	23%	16%	34%	16%	20%	21%	30%	7%	29%	13%
	Malignancy	18%	36%	38%	44%	43%	34%	35%	31%	19%	38%	37%	37%	45%	28%	29%	15%
	Recent surgery	14%	13%	14%	11%	9%	12%	11%	7%	11%	12%	13%	16%	14%	12%	11%	14%
	Other	23%	17%	14%	14%	14%	11%	12%	8%	6%	19%	9%	14%	18%	7%	22%	17%
	Abscess	0%	3%	1%	1%	2%	1%	0%	2%	0%	1%	1%	2%	0%	3%	1%	1%
	Endocarditis	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%
	Meningitis	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Clinical feature	Neutropaenia	0%	5%	4%	2%	5%	4%	5%	4%	0%	9%	11%	5%	3%	3%	11%	3%
	Osteomyelitis	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Septic Arthritis	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Other	0%	5%	11%	9%	10%	8%	14%	10%	0%	6%	3%	8%	6%	13%	12%	11%
Total		83	92	114	140	148	137	133	117	47	69	79	99	94	69	73	71