Influenza Week 12 2023 (20th - 26th March 2023)









Summary

Influenza activity remained stable in Ireland during week 12 2023, compared to recent weeks. Influenza viruses are circulating at low levels in the community. Influenza B viruses are currently the dominant circulating viruses.

- <u>Influenza-like illness (ILI)</u>: The sentinel GP influenza-like illness (ILI) consultation rate was 11.1 per 100,000 population during week 12 2023. This is a stable trend from the updated rate of 10.8/100,000 during week 11 2023. ILI consultation rates have returned to below the Irish baseline threshold (18.1/100,000 population) for the last seven weeks (since week 6 2023). Sentinel GP ILI age specific rates were below the age specific baseline thresholds in all age groups during week 12 2023.
- <u>National Virus Reference Laboratory (NVRL)</u>: During week 12 2023, of 82 sentinel GP Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) specimens tested and reported by the NVRL, 8 (9.8%) were positive for influenza B, three specimens (3.7%) positive for SARS-CoV-2 and no specimens were positive for RSV.
- There were 9 (11%) Rhino/enterovirus positive specimens in week 12 2023 and Human metapneumovirus positivity increased to 14.6% (12/82) in week 12 2023 compared to 13.3% (10/75) in week 11 2023.
- Of 211 non-sentinel respiratory specimens tested and reported by the NVRL during week 12 2023, 12 (5.7%) were positive for influenza: one influenza A(H3) and 11 influenza B. RSV positivity (non-sentinel respiratory specimens) was at low levels in recent weeks, at 0.5% (1/211) during week 12 2023 and 0.5% (1/191) during week 11 2023.
- Of 1,910 sentinel GP ARI specimens and non-sentinel respiratory specimens positive for influenza and reported by the NVRL during the 2022/2023 season, 474 (24.8%) were coinfected with other respiratory viruses.
- Influenza notifications: 266 laboratory confirmed influenza cases were notified during week 12 2023 eight A(H1)pdm09, three A(H3), 34 influenza A (not subtyped) and 221 influenza B. This is an increase compared to 183 cases reported during week 11 2023. Age specific rates were highest in those aged 5-14 years.
- **<u>RSV notifications</u>**: 12 RSV cases were notified during week 12 2023, a decrease compared to 23 RSV cases notified in week 11 2023. Age specific rates for hospitalised cases were highest in those aged less than one year.
- <u>Hospitalisations</u>: During week 12 2023, 64 laboratory confirmed influenza cases were reported as hospital inpatients: one A(H3), 10 influenza A (not subtyped) and 53 influenza B cases. Influenza hospitalised cases during week 12 2023 increased to 64, compared to 42 in week 11 2023.
- <u>Critical care admissions:</u> Two laboratory confirmed influenza cases were admitted to critical care units and notified to HPSC during week 12 2023. During weeks 40 2022-12 2023, 171 laboratory confirmed influenza cases 31 A(H1)pdm09, 31 A(H3), 100 A (not subtyped) and nine influenza B have been admitted to critical care and notified to HPSC. Age specific rates for the season to date were highest in those aged 65 years and older. During weeks 40 2022-12 2023, of 152 laboratory confirmed influenza ICU cases with known influenza vaccination status, 105 (69%) were reported as NOT having received the 2022/2023 influenza vaccine.
- <u>Mortality</u>: There were no deaths in the notified influenza cases reported to HPSC during week 12 2023. During weeks 40 2022-12 2023, 187 deaths in notified influenza cases were reported 32 influenza A(H3), 25 influenza A(H1)pdm09, 125 influenza A (not subtyped), four influenza B and one influenza A and B coinfection. During the 2022/2023 season, excess all-cause mortality was reported for six consecutive weeks (weeks 50 2022- week 3 2023). Excess pneumonia and influenza mortality was reported for four consecutive weeks (weeks 51 2022- week 2 2023)
- **Outbreaks:** No laboratory confirmed influenza outbreaks were notified to HPSC during week 12 2023. During weeks 40 2022-12 2023, 155 influenza outbreaks were notified. There was one RSV outbreak notified in a Community Hospital/Long-stay unit during week 12 2023.
- <u>International</u>: In Europe during week 11 2023, 18 countries reported widespread influenza activity indicating substantial influenza virus circulation across the European Region. Both influenza A and B viruses were detected, with influenza B viruses being dominant across all monitoring systems.

1. GP sentinel surveillance system - Clinical Data

- During week 12 2023, 32 sentinel GP influenza-like illness (ILI) consultations were reported from the Irish sentinel GP network, corresponding to an ILI consultation rate of 11.1 per 100,000 population, compared to 10.8 per 100,000 population during week 11 (Figure 1).
- Sentinel GP ILI consultation rates were below the baseline threshold during week 12.
- The sentinel GP ILI consultation rates have returned to below the Irish sentinel GP ILI baseline threshold (18.1/100,000 population) for seven consecutive weeks, since week 6 2023.
- Age specific rates were below the baseline threshold in all age groups during week 12 2023 (Figure 2, Table 1).
- The Irish sentinel baseline ILI threshold for the 2022/2023 influenza season is 18.1 per 100,000 population. ILI rates above this baseline threshold combined with sentinel GP influenza positivity >10% indicate the likelihood that influenza is circulating in the community. The Moving Epidemic Method (MEM) is used to calculate thresholds for GP ILI consultations in a standardised approach across Europe. The baseline ILI threshold (18.1/100,000 population), low (57.5/100,000 population), medium (86.5/100,000 population) and high (103.6/100,000 population) intensity ILI thresholds are shown in Figure 1. Age specific MEM threshold levels are shown in Table 1.

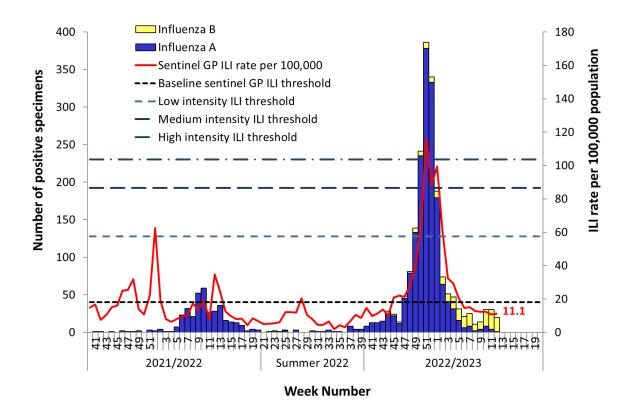


Figure 1: Sentinel GP Influenza-like illness (ILI) consultation rates per 100,000 population, baseline ILI threshold, medium and high intensity ILI thresholds and number of positive influenza A and B specimens tested by the NVRL, by influenza week and season. *Source: ICGP and NVRL*

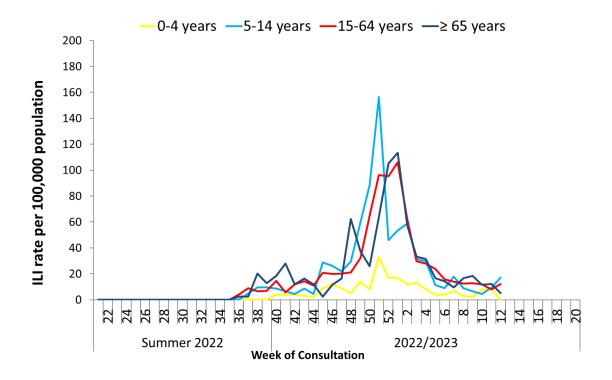


Figure 2: Age specific sentinel GP ILI consultation rate per 100,000 population by week during the summer of 2022 and the 2022/2023 influenza season to date. *Source: ICGP*.

Table 1: Age specific sentinel GP ILI consultation rate per 100,000 population by week (weeks 40 2022-12 2023), colour coded by sentinel GP ILI age specific Moving Epidemic Method (MEM) threshold levels. *Source: ICGP.*

Age group (years)	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
All Ages	14.6	9.7	11.3	13.7	10.1	20.8	22.0	21.4	27.9	38.9	63.0	116.2	88.6	99.4	60.7	32.4	29.3	20.6	14.7	15.2	12.7	12.4	12.4	10.8	11.1
<15 yrs	11.7	10.3	9.1	10.3	6.0	32.8	35.2	28.2	27.3	60.9	71.1	154.3	57.2	62.5	58.4	40.6	32.3	13.5	12.1	22.5	10.5	7.3	14.7	18.5	11.5
15-64 yrs	14.7	5.7	11.8	14.2	11.1	20.7	19.9	20.1	21.1	32.1	64.6	96.2	95.4	106.0	62.2	29.6	27.8	23.8	15.6	14.1	12.6	12.8	11.9	8.0	12.2
≥65 yrs	18.5	27.9	12.0	16.2	11.8	2.4	11.6	16.4	62.3	37.5	25.7	63.8	105.0	113.5	57.3	33.2	31.6	16.6	14.3	9.5	16.6	18.5	11.6	12.2	5.2
Reporting practices (N=61)	60	59	58	60	58	58	60	59	58	59	59	58	58	59	57	59	58	59	58	59	59	60	60	58	51

MEM Threshold Levels Below Baseline Low Moderate High Extraordinary

2. Influenza and Other Respiratory Virus Detections - NVRL

The data reported in this section for the 2022/2023 influenza season refers to sentinel GP ILI/ARI and non-sentinel respiratory specimens routinely tested for influenza, respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), adenovirus, parainfluenza virus types 1-4 (PIV-1-4), human metapneumovirus (hMPV) and rhino/enteroviruses by the National Virus Reference Laboratory (NVRL) (Tables 2 & 3, Figure 3a, 3b, 4). In Ireland, virological surveillance for influenza, RSV and other respiratory viruses (ORVs) undertaken by the Irish sentinel GP network is integrated into current testing structures for COVID-19 primary care referrals. As of 9th November 2022, the acute respiratory (ARI) case definition is being used by sentinel GPs for surveillance purposes and to identify cases for respiratory virus swabbing. Case definitions are available in Section 12. Sentinel GPs re-commenced in-surgery swabbing of ARI patients on November 16th 2022.

- A lag time with testing and reporting is noted for the most recent surveillance week.
- During week 12 2023, of 82 sentinel GP Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) specimens tested and reported by the NVRL, 8 (9.8%) were positive for influenza B, three (3.7%) specimens positive for SARS-CoV-2 and no specimens were positive for RSV.
- During week 11 2023, of 75 sentinel GP ARI specimens tested and reported by the NVRL, 7 (9.3%) were positive for influenza, one A(H1)pdm09 and six influenza B. There were two (2.7%) specimens positive for SARS-CoV-2 and no specimens were positive for RSV.
- Of 211 non-sentinel respiratory specimens tested and reported by the NVRL during week 12 2023, 12 (5.7%) were positive for influenza: one influenza A(H3) and 11 influenza B.
- During week 11 2023, of 191 non-sentinel respiratory specimens tested, 23 (12%) were positive for influenza: two A(H1)pdm09, one A(not subtyped) and 20 influenza B.
- RSV positivity (non-sentinel respiratory specimens) was at low levels in recent weeks, at 0.5% (1/191) during week 11 2023 and 0.5% (1/211) during week 12 2023.
- Rhinovirus/enterovirus positive detections from non-sentinel respiratory specimens were detected at a positivity rate of 21.5% (41/191) during week 11 2023 and 16.6% (35/211) during week 12 2023 (Figure 3b).
- Other respiratory viruses (ORVs) are being detected at lower levels in recent weeks except for human metapneumovirus(hMPV) which was 14.6% in sentinel GP specimens and 5.7% in non-sentinel specimens during week 12 (Figure 3a and 3b).
- Of 1,910 sentinel GP ARI specimens and non-sentinel respiratory specimens positive for influenza and reported by the NVRL during the 2022/2023 season, 474 (24.8%) were coinfected with other respiratory viruses.

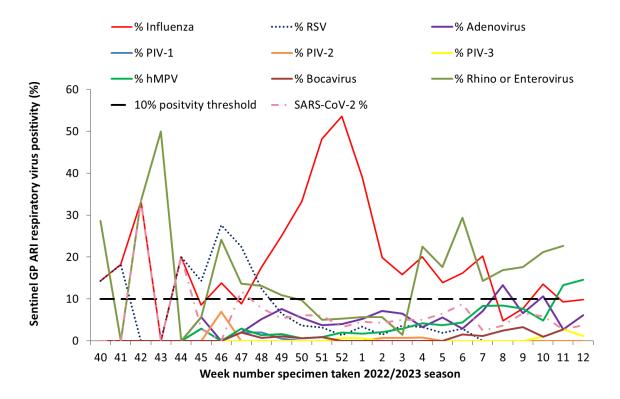


Figure 3a: Percentage positive results for **sentinel GP ARI** specimens tested by the NVRL for influenza, RSV and other respiratory viruses by week specimen was taken, weeks 40 2022-12 2023. *Source: NVRL*

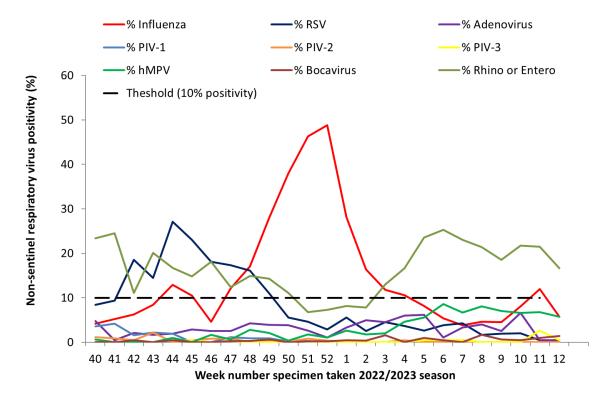


Figure 3b: Percentage positive results for **non-sentinel respiratory** specimens tested by the NVRL for influenza, RSV and other respiratory viruses by week specimen was taken, weeks 40 2022-12 2023. *Source: NVRL*

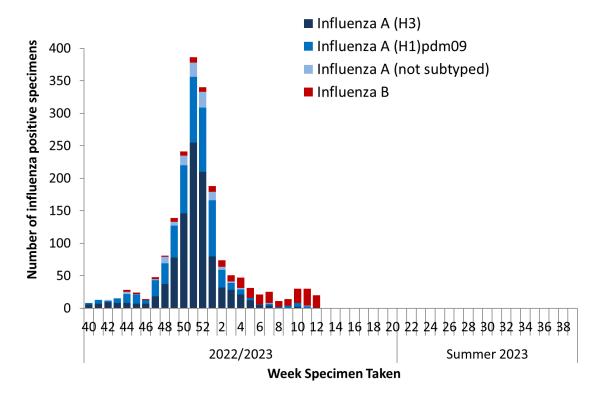


Figure 4: Number of positive influenza specimens (from sentinel GP ARI and non-sentinel respiratory sources) tested by the NVRL by influenza type/subtype and by week specimen was taken for the 2022/2023 influenza season. *Source: NVRL*

Table 2: Number of sentinel GP ARI and non-sentinel respiratory specimens tested by the NVRL and positive influenza results, for weeks 11 and 12 2023 and the 2022/2023 season (weeks 40 2022-12 2023). *Source: NVRL*

Surveillance	Specimen type	Total	Number	% Influenza		In	luenza A			Influer	iza B	
period	Specimen type	tested	influenza	positive	A(H1)pdm09	A(H3)	A (not subtyped)	Total	В	B Victoria	B Yamagata	Total
	Sentinel GP ARI	82	8	9.8	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	8
Week 12 2023	Non-sentinel respiratory	211	12	5.7	0	1	0	1	11	0	0	11
	Total	293	20	6.8	0	1	0	1	19	0	0	19
	Sentinel GP ARI	75	7	9.3	1	0	0	1	6	0	0	6
Week 11 2023	Non-sentinel respiratory	191	23	12.0	2	0	1	3	20	0	0	20
	Total	266	30	11.3	3	0	1	4	26	0	0	26
	Sentinel GP ARI	2336	560	24.0	209	218	22	449	111	0	0	111
2022/2023	Non-sentinel respiratory	6731	1350	20.1	375	764	87	1226	106	17	1	124
	Total	9067	1910	21.1	584	982	109	1675	217	17	1	235

Table 3: Number of sentinel GP ARI and non-sentinel respiratory specimens tested by the NVRL and positive RSV results, for weeks 11 and 12 2023 and the 2022/2023 season (weeks 40 2022-12 2023). *Source: NVRL*

Surveillance period	Specimen type	Total tested	Number RSV positive	% RSV positive	RSV A	RSV B	RSV (unspecified)
	Sentinel GP ARI	82	0	0.0	0	0	0
Week 12 2023	Non-sentinel	178	1	0.6	0	1	0
	Total	260	1	0.4	0	1	0
	Sentinel GP ARI	75	0	0.0	0	0	0
Week 11 2023	Non-sentinel	198	4	2.0	2	2	0
	Total	273	4	1.5	2	2	0
	Sentinel GP ILI/ARI	2336	107	4.6	3	104	0
2022/2023	Non-sentinel	6507	542	8.3	63	479	0
	Total	8843	649	7.3	66	583	0

Table 4: Number of sentinel GP ILI/ARI specimens tested by the NVRL for respiratory viruses and positive results, for weeks 11 and 12 2023 and 2022/2023 season (weeks 40 2022-12 2023). *Source: NVRL*

Virus	Week 12 20	22 (N=82)	Week 11 202	22 (N=75)	2022/2023	(N=2336)
Virus	Total	% positive	Total positive	% positive	Total positive	% positive
SARS-CoV-2	3	3.7	2	2.7	127	5.4
Influenza virus	8	9.8	7	9.3	560	24.0
Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)	0	0.0	0	0.0	107	4.6
Rhino/enterovirus	9	11.0	20	26.7	282	12.1
Adenovirus	5	6.1	2	2.7	130	5.6
Bocavirus	1	1.2	3	4.0	20	0.9
Human metapneumovirus (hMPV)	12	14.6	10	13.3	85	3.6
Parainfluenza virus type 1 (PIV-1)	0	0.0	0	0.0	7	0.3
Parainfluenza virus type 2 (PIV-2)	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	0.2
Parainfluenza virus type 3 (PIV-3)	1	1.2	2	2.7	6	5.0
Parainfluenza virus type 4 (PIV-4)	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	0.2

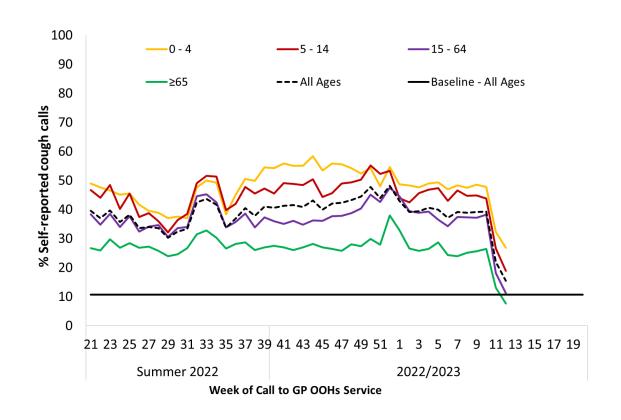
Table 5: Number of non-sentinel respiratory specimens tested by the NVRL for respiratory viruses and positive results, for weeks 11 and 12 2023 and2022/2023 season (weeks 40 2022-12 2023). Source: NVRL

Virus	Week 12 20)22 (N=211)	Week 11 20	022 (N=191)	2022/2023	(N=6731)
VIIUS	Total positive	% positive	Total positive	% positive	Total positive	% positive
Influenza virus	12	5.7	23	12.0	1350	20.1
Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)	1	0.5	1	0.5	543	8.1
Rhino/enterovirus	35	16.6	41	21.5	980	14.6
Adenovirus	1	0.5	1	0.5	207	3.1
Bocavirus	3	1.4	2	1.0	28	0.4
Human metapneumovirus (hMPV)	12	5.7	13	6.8	179	2.7
Parainfluenza virus type 1 (PIV-1)	0	0.0	0	0.0	40	2.7
Parainfluenza virus type 2 (PIV-2)	0	0.0	0	0.0	26	0.4
Parainfluenza virus type 3 (PIV-3)	1	0.5	5	2.6	13	0.2
Parainfluenza virus type 4 (PIV-4)	2	0.9	2	1.0	25	0.4

3. GP Out-Of-Hours services surveillance

The Department of Public Health in HSE-NE is collating national data on calls to nine of thirteen GP Out-of-Hours services in Ireland. Records with clinical symptoms reported as flu/influenza or cough are extracted for analysis. This information may act as an early indicator of circulation of influenza, SARS-CoV-2 or other respiratory viruses. Data are self-reported by callers and are not based on coded diagnoses.

- 1,794 (15.5% of total calls; N=11,560) self-reported cough calls were reported by a network of GP OOHs services during week 12 2023, which was above baseline levels (10.7%) (Figure 5).
- 133 (1.2% of total calls; N=11,560) self-reported 'flu' calls were reported by a network of GP OOHs services during week 12 2023, which is below baseline levels. The baseline threshold level for self-reported 'flu' calls is 2.3% (Figure 7).



• Four GP OOH services provided data for week 12 2023.

Figure 5: Percentage of self-reported COUGH calls for all ages and by age group as a proportion of total calls to GP Out-of-Hours services by week of call, summer 2022 and the 2022/2023 season. The % cough calls baseline for all ages calculated using the MEM method on historic data is shown. *Source: GP Out-Of-Hours services in Ireland (collated by HSE-NE & ICGP).*

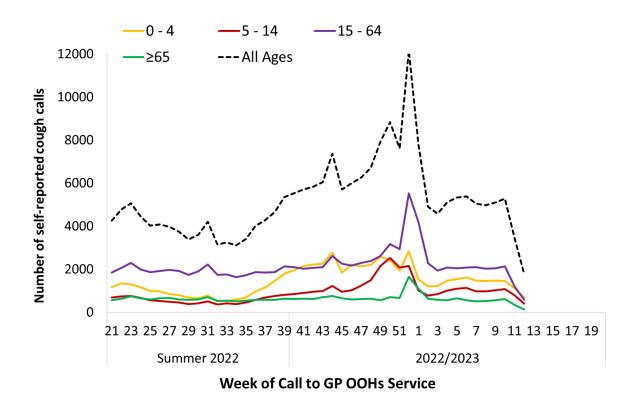


Figure 6: Number of self-reported COUGH calls for all ages and by age group to GP Out-of-Hours services by week of call, Summer 2022 and 2022/2023. *Source: GP Out-Of-Hours services in Ireland (collated by HSE-NE & ICGP).*

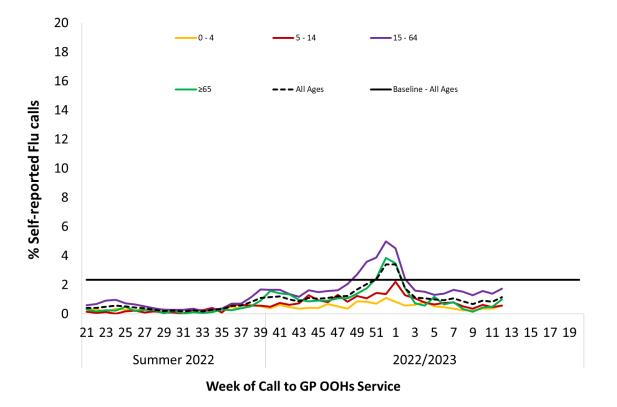


Figure 7: Percentage of self-reported FLU calls for all ages and by age group as a proportion of total calls to GP Out-
of-Hours services by week of call, Summer 2022 and 2022/2023. The % flu calls baseline for all ages calculated using
the MEM method on historic data is shown. Source: GP Out-Of-Hours services in Ireland (collated by HSE-NE& ICGP)
Influenza Surveillance ReportPage 10 of 2531/03/2023

4. Influenza & RSV notifications

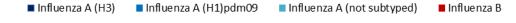
Influenza and RSV case notifications are reported on Ireland's Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System (CIDR), including all positive influenza/RSV specimens reported from all laboratories testing for influenza/RSV and reporting to CIDR.

Influenza and RSV notifications are reported in the Weekly Infectious Disease Report for Ireland.

- 266 laboratory confirmed influenza cases were notified during week 12 2023 eight A(H1)pdm09, three A(H3), 34 influenza A (not subtyped), and 221 influenza B. This is an increase compared to 183 cases reported during week 11 2023 (Figures 8 & 9). Of note, as a proportion of the overall cases, influenza B is stable at 83% of all cases in week 12 2023 (221/266), compared to 85% in week 11 2023 (155/183).
- During the 2022/2023 season to date (weeks 40 2022 -12 2023), 15,211 laboratory confirmed influenza cases have been notified to HPSC – 1,193 A(H1)pdm09, 995 A(H3), 11,238 influenza A (not subtyped), 1,716 influenza B, 47 influenza A and B coinfections, 16 influenza A(H1)pdm09 & A(H3) coinfections and six influenza (type not reported) (Figure 8).
- Laboratory confirmed influenza notified cases by HSE Area, are outlined in Table 6.
- Age specific rates in notified laboratory confirmed influenza cases were highest in those aged 5 14 years (Figure 10).
- 12 RSV cases were notified during week 12 2023, a stable trend compared to 23 RSV cases notified during week 11 2023 (Figure 11).
- During week 12 2023, age specific rates in notified laboratory confirmed RSV cases were highest in those aged less than one year old (Figure 12).

Table 6: Number of laboratory confirmed influenza notifications by HSE Area during the 2022/2023 season (weeks 402022-12 2023) and week 12 2023 Source: CIDR

HSE area	Influenza confirmed cases week 12 2023	Influenza confirmed cases- season to date
HSE-East	88	5004
HSE-Midlands	16	1358
HSE-Mid-West	6	1453
HSE-North-East	25	1482
HSE-North-West	40	1422
HSE-South-East	17	1391
HSE-South	46	1596
HSE-West	28	1505
Total	266	15211



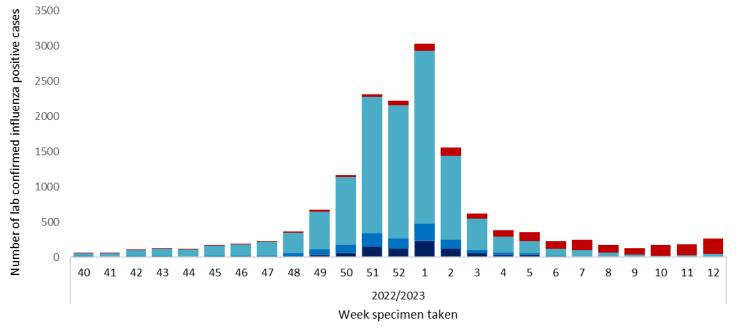


Figure 8: Number of laboratory confirmed **influenza** notifications by influenza type/subtype to HPSC by week 2022-2023 season. *Source: Ireland's Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System.*

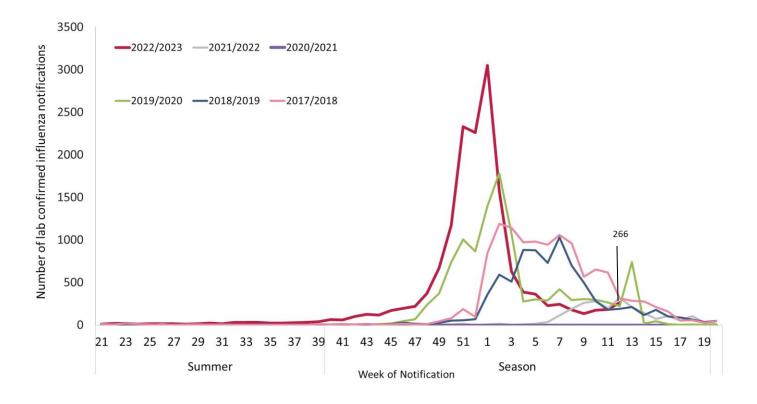


Figure 9: Number of laboratory confirmed **influenza** notifications to HPSC by week and season, 2017/2018 to 2022/2023 influenza seasons. *Source: Ireland's Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System.*

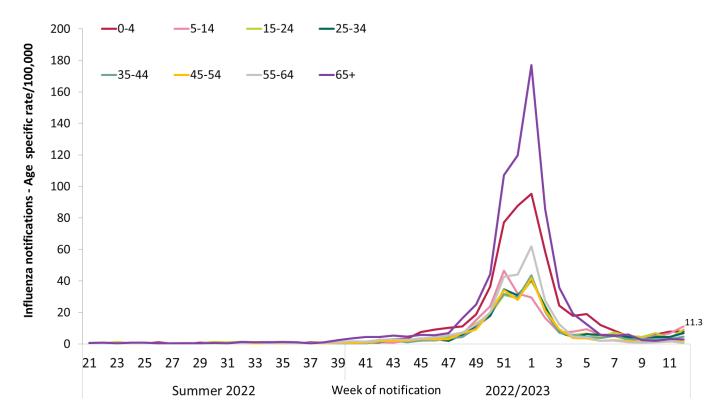


Figure 10: Age specific rates per 100,000 population for laboratory confirmed **influenza** notifications to HPSC by week of notification. *Source: Ireland's Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System.*

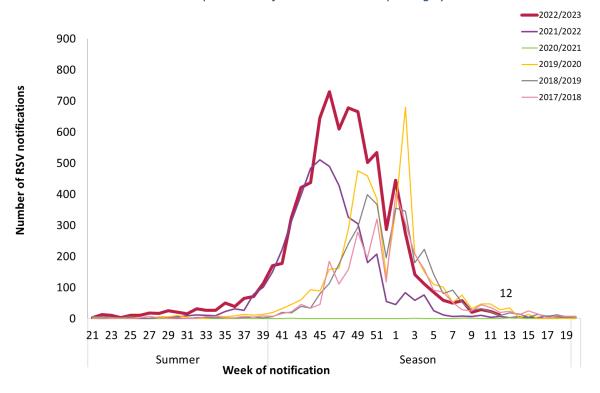


Figure 11: Number of laboratory confirmed **RSV** notifications to HPSC by week of notification, 2017/2018 to 2022/2023 seasons. *Source: Ireland's Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System.*

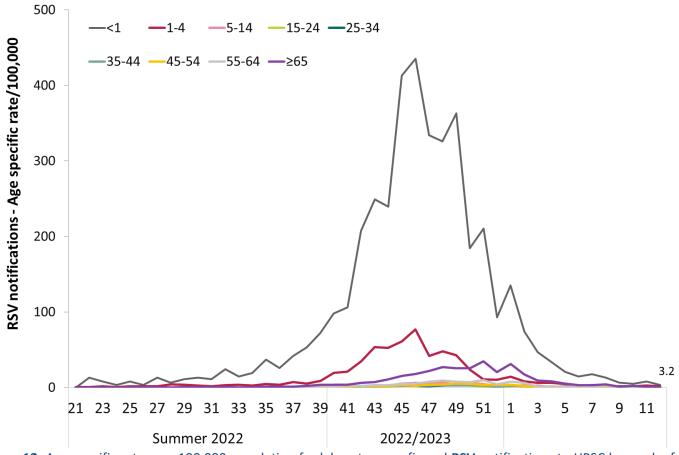


Figure 12: Age specific rates per 100,000 population for laboratory confirmed **RSV** notifications to HPSC by week of notification. *Source: Ireland's Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System.*

5. Hospitalisations

- During week 12 2023, 64 laboratory confirmed influenza cases were reported as hospital inpatients: 10 influenza A (not subtyped), one A(H3), and 53 influenza B (Figure 13 & 14). Influenza hospitalised cases during week 12 2023 increased to 64, compared to 42 in week 10 2023.
- During the 2022/2023 season to date (weeks 40 2022 to week 12 2023), 4,349 laboratory confirmed influenza cases have been notified as hospital inpatients: 308 influenza A(H1)pdm09, 200 A(H3), 3,453 influenza A (not subtyped), 372 influenza B, 13 influenza coinfections and three influenza (type not reported) (Figure 13).
- During week 12 2023, age specific rates in notified laboratory confirmed hospitalised influenza cases were highest in those aged 5 to 14 years (Figure 15).
- The number and age specific rate per 100,000 population of laboratory confirmed notified influenza hospitalised and critical care cases for the 2022/2023 season are detailed in Table 9.
- During week 12 2023, seven RSV cases were reported as hospital inpatients (Figure 16).
- During week 12 2023, age specific rates in notified laboratory confirmed hospitalised RSV cases were highest in those aged less than one year (Figure 17).
- Patient type of laboratory confirmed influenza and RSV notifications by week for the 2022/2023 season are reported in Tables 7 and 8.

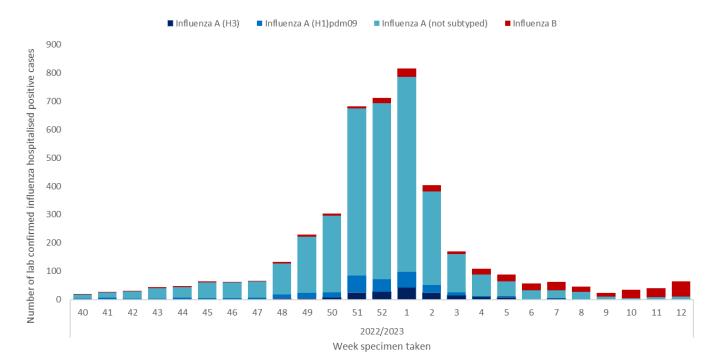


Figure 13: Number of laboratory confirmed **influenza** notifications reported as hospital inpatients by influenza type/subtype to HPSC by week, 2022/2023 season. *Source: Ireland's Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System.*

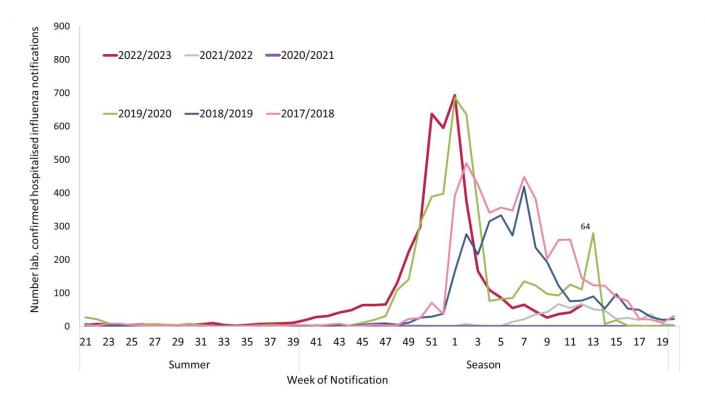


Figure 14: Number of notified laboratory confirmed **influenza** cases reported as hospital inpatients, for the 2017/2018 to 2022/2023 seasons. *Source: Ireland's Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System*

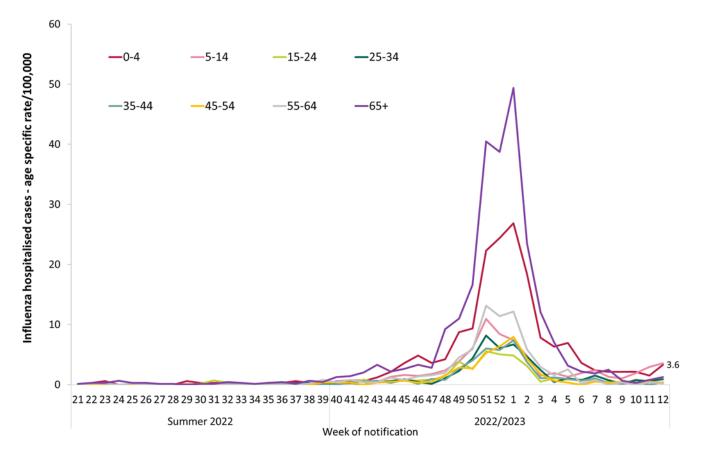


Figure 15: Age specific rates per 100,000 population for laboratory confirmed **influenza** cases reported as hospital inpatients by week of notification. *Source: Ireland's Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System.*

Table 7: Number of notified influenza cases reported by patient type and week of notification, 2022/2023 season (weeks 40 2022-12 2023). Source: Ireland's Computerised infectious Disease Reporting System

				Patient Typ	be			
	GP Patient	ED patient	Hospital Inpatient	Hospital Day Patient	Hospital Outpatient	Other	Unknown	Total
Week 40	2	11	18	3	9	7	12	62
Week 41	4	20	28	1	3	2	2	60
Week 42	0	45	31	1	16	3	5	101
Week 43	7	34	43	6	20	8	6	124
Week 44	2	38	48	6	16	2	5	117
Week 45	2	66	65	7	12	12	8	172
Week 46	5	81	64	11	15	12	5	193
Week 47	3	92	66	18	19	7	16	221
Week 48	18	122	132	8	31	20	40	370
Week 49	17	261	229	31	57	19	63	677
Week 50	43	445	303	22	105	46	206	1170
Week 51	100	805	687	29	226	134	346	2327
Week 52	49	1008	715	16	163	143	141	2235
Week 1	121	1309	818	48	201	198	352	3047
Week 2	42	581	404	30	146	165	192	1560
Week 3	31	235	170	8	51	25	104	624
Week 4	20	150	109	5	26	24	52	386
Week 5	30	140	89	7	33	16	44	359
Week 6	9	107	56	4	17	15	20	228
Week 7	15	106	62	4	28	10	20	245
Week 8	9	68	45	1	21	14	20	178
Week 9	5	74	25	0	15	3	11	133
Week 10	6	85	36	1	18	7	21	174
Week 11	16	94	42	3	9	9	9	183
Week 12	11	131	64	5	13	16	25	266
Total	567	6108	4349	275	1270	917	1725	15211

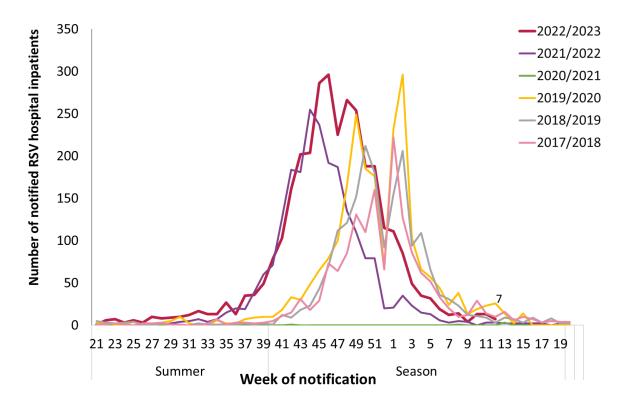


Figure 16: Number of notified **RSV** cases reported as hospital inpatients, by week of notification and season, for the 2017/2018 to 2022/2023 seasons. *Source: Ireland's Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System.*

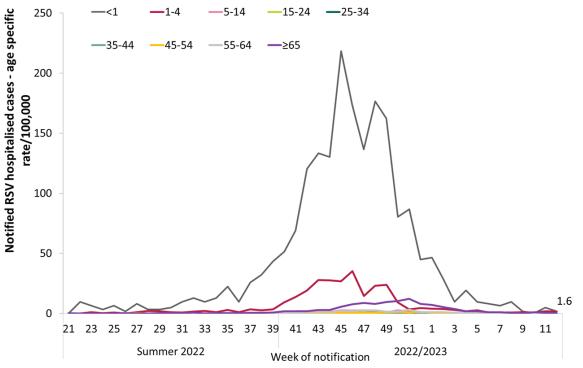


Figure 17: Age specific rates per 100,000 population for laboratory confirmed **RSV** cases reported as hospital inpatients by week of notification and season, Summer 2022 and 2022/2023. *Source: Ireland's Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting System*

Table 8: Number of notified **RSV** cases reported by patient type and week of notification (weeks 40 2022-12 2023) ,2022/2023 season. Source: Ireland's Computerised infectious Disease Reporting System

				Patient 1	Гуре			
	GP Patient	ED patient	Hospital Inpatient	Hospital Day Patient	Hospital Outpatient	Other	Unknown	Total
Week 40	5	51	78	6	12	7	11	170
Week 41	3	45	103	3	12	5	6	177
Week 42	5	121	161	2	14	7	15	325
Week 43	6	149	201	9	20	19	17	421
Week 44	6	172	204	3	22	15	15	437
Week 45	8	239	286	12	37	28	36	646
Week 46	10	319	295	5	32	34	34	729
Week 47	6	273	225	8	24	36	37	609
Week 48	34	246	267	3	35	36	57	678
Week 49	19	254	255	13	17	24	83	665
Week 50	20	175	187	2	28	23	67	502
Week 51	14	172	191	5	32	30	88	532
Week 52	8	82	119	0	12	29	36	286
Week 1	26	165	125	5	21	31	71	444
Week 2	7	92	88	3	20	23	44	277
Week 3	4	44	52	2	13	5	22	142
Week 4	6	39	35	5	6	11	9	111
Week 5	4	27	32	0	9	2	11	85
Week 6	4	23	19	0	3	4	6	59
Week 7	1	23	11	2	3	3	7	50
Week 8	0	19	14	1	7	4	13	58
Week 9	0	13	4	0	2	1	0	20
Week 10	0	8	13	1	2	1	4	29
Week 11	0	6	13	0	3	1	0	23
Week 12	0	2	7	0	0	0	3	12
Total	196	2759	2985	90	386	379	692	7487

6. Critical Care Surveillance

The Intensive Care Society of Ireland (ICSI) and the HSE Critical Care Programme are continuing with the enhanced surveillance system set up during the 2009 pandemic, on all critical care patients with confirmed influenza. HPSC processes and reports on this information on behalf of the regional Directors of Public Health/Medical Officers of Health.

- Two laboratory confirmed influenza cases (both Influenza A not subtyped) were admitted to critical care and notified to HPSC during week 12 2023.
- During the 2022/2023 season to date (weeks 40 2022-12 2023), 171 laboratory confirmed influenza cases 31 A(H1)pdm09, 31 influenza A(H3), 100 influenza A (not subtyped) and nine influenza B have been admitted to critical care units and notified to HPSC. Age specific rates for the season to date were highest in those aged 65 years and older.
- During the 2022/2023 season (weeks 40 2022-12 2023), of 152 laboratory confirmed influenza ICU cases with known influenza vaccination status, 105 (69%) were reported as NOT having received the 2022/2023 influenza vaccine.
- The number and age specific rate per 100,000 population of laboratory confirmed notified influenza hospitalised and critical care cases for the 2022/2023 season are detailed in Table 9.

Table 9: Cumulative number and age specific rate per 100,000 population of laboratory confirmed notified influenzahospitalised and critical care cases, weeks 40 2022-12 2023. Source: Ireland's Computerised infectious DiseaseReporting System.

		Hospitalised	А	dmitted to ICU
Age (years)		Age specific rate per		Age specific rate per
	Number	100,000 pop.	Number	100,000 pop.
<1	131	210.4	2	3.2
1-4	433	160.8	14	5.2
5-14	503	74.5	11	1.6
15-24	234	40.6	8	1.4
25-34	324	49.1	4	0.6
35-44	319	48.4	17	2.3
45-54	272	43.4	25	4.0
55-64	387	76.0	24	4.7
≥65	1746	273.9	66	10.4
Unknown	0	-	0	-
Total	4349	91.3	171	3.6

7. Mortality Surveillance

Influenza-associated deaths include all deaths where influenza is reported as the primary/main cause of death by the physician or if influenza is listed anywhere on the death certificate as the cause of death. HPSC receives daily mortality data from the General Register Office (GRO) on all deaths from all causes registered in Ireland. These data have been used to monitor excess all-cause and influenza and pneumonia deaths as part of the influenza surveillance system and the European Mortality Monitoring Project. These data are provisional due to the time delay in deaths' registration in Ireland. http://www.euromomo.eu/

- There were no deaths in the notified influenza cases reported to HPSC during week 12 2023.
- During the 2022/2023 season (weeks 40 2022-12 2023), 187 deaths in notified influenza cases were reported to HPSC – 32 influenza A(H3), 25 influenza A(H1)pdm09, 125 influenza A (not subtyped), four influenza B and one influenza A and B coinfection.

During the 2022/2023 season, excess all-cause mortality was reported over six consecutive weeks (weeks 50 2022 - 3 2023). Excess pneumonia and influenza mortality was also reported over four consecutive weeks (weeks 51 2022 – 2 2023).

Excess mortality analysis is corrected for reporting delays with the standardised EuroMOMO algorithm. Due to delays in death registrations in Ireland, excess mortality data included in this report are reported with a one-week lag time.

8. Outbreak Surveillance

COVID-19 outbreaks are not included in this report; surveillance data on COVID-19 outbreaks are detailed on the HPSC website. <u>https://www.hpsc.ie/a-z/respiratory/coronavirus/novelcoronavirus/casesinireland/</u>

- No laboratory confirmed influenza outbreaks were notified to HPSC during week 12 2023. During the 2022/2023 season (weeks 40 2022-12 2023), 155 influenza outbreaks have been notified to HPSC. There was one RSV and one ARI outbreak notified during week 12 2023, in Community Hospital/Long-stay units.
- For an overview of outbreaks for the season to date (weeks 40 2022-12 2023), please see Tables 10 and 11.

Table 10: Summary of influenza, RSV, COVID-19 & influenza mixed outbreaks and ARI (influenza/RSV/SARS-CoV-2negative) outbreaks by HSE Area during week 12 2023 and the 2022/2023 season (weeks 40 2022-12 2023) Source:CIDR

HSE area	Influ	ienza	Respiratory syncytial virus infection		Acute respiratory infection		COVID-198	& Influenza	Total	
	Week 12	2022/2023	Week 12	2022/2023	Week 12	2022/2023	Week 12	2022/2023	Week 12	2022/2023
HSE-East	0	55	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	70
HSE-Midlands	0	6	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	7
HSE-Mid-West	0	13	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	17
HSE-North-East	0	22	0	19	0	3	0	2	0	46
HSE-North-West	0	21	0	6	1	5	0	3	1	35
HSE-South-East	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
HSE-South	0	8	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	16
HSE-West	0	17	1	4	0	1	0	0	1	22
Total	0	155	1	56	1	10	0	5	2	226

Table 11: Summary of influenza, RSV, COVID-19 & influenza mixed outbreaks and ARI (influenza/RSV/SARS-CoV-2 negative) outbreaks by outbreak setting during week 12 2023 and the 2022/2023 season (weeks 40 2022-12 2023). *Source: CIDR*

Setting	Influenza		Respiratory syncytial virus		Acute respiratory		COVID-19 & Influenza		Total	
Setting	Week 12	2022/2023	Week 12	2022/2023	Week 12	2022/2023	Week 12	2022/2023	Week 12	2022/2023
Community hospital/Long-stay unit	0	8	1	9	1	3	0	1	2	21
Nursing Home	0	56	0	21	0	5	0	2	0	84
Hospital	0	67	0	8	0	0	0	2	0	77
Residential Institution	0	11	0	4	0	2	0	0	0	17
Childcare facility	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Family Outbreaks	0	9	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	21
Other settings	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
Total	0	155	1	56	1	10	0	5	2	226

9. International Summary

In the European region, during week 11 2023 (week ending 19/03/2023), influenza virus positivity in sentinel primary care specimens remained stable at 25%, which is above the ECDC influenza positivity threshold of 10%. For week 11 2023, 857 (25%) of 3,470 sentinel GP specimens tested positive for an influenza virus; 78% were type B and 22% were type A. Of 134 subtyped A viruses, 7% were A(H3) and 93% were A(H1)pdm09. Of 164 influenza B viruses ascribed to a lineage, all were B/Victoria.

For week 11 2023, 5,370 of 46,464 specimens from non-sentinel sources (such as hospitals, schools, primary care facilities not involved in sentinel surveillance, or nursing homes and other institutions) tested positive for an influenza virus; 3,555 (66%) were influenza B and 1,815 (34%) were influenza A. Of 245 subtyped A viruses, 202 (82%) were A(H1)pdm09 and 43 (18%) were A(H3). Of 188 influenza B viruses ascribed to a lineage, all were of B/Victoria lineage. Of 36 countries and areas reporting on geographic spread of influenza viruses, one reported no activity, six reported sporadic spread, four reported local spread, seven reported regional spread and 18 reported widespread influenza activity.

As of 5th March 2023, globally, influenza activity decreased compared to the peak in late 2022. Influenza A viruses predominated with a slightly larger proportion of A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses detected among the subtyped influenza A viruses during the reporting period. The detections of influenza B increased during this reporting period.

In the countries of North America, most indicators of influenza activity decreased to levels similar or below levels typically observed this time of the year. Influenza A(H3N2) was the predominant virus detected. In Western Asia, influenza activity decreased overall with all seasonal influenza subtypes detected, though increased activity was reported in some countries. In East Asia, influenza activity of predominantly influenza A(H3N2) viruses remained low overall among reporting countries but with increases reported in Mongolia. In the Caribbean and Central American countries, influenza activity of predominantly influenza A(H3N2) viruses continued to decrease due to decreases detections reported in Mexico.

See <u>ECDC</u> and <u>WHO</u> influenza surveillance reports for further information.

- Further information on influenza is available on the following websites:
 - Europe ECDChttp://ecdc.europa.eu/Public Health Englandhttps://www.gov.uk/government/collections/weekly-national-flu-reportsUnited States CDChttp://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivitysurv.htmPublic Health Agency of Canada http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/index-eng.php
 - Influenza case definition in Ireland <u>https://www.hpsc.ie/a-z/respiratory/influenza/casedefinitions/</u>
 - COVID-19 case definition in Ireland <u>https://www.hpsc.ie/a-</u> z/respiratory/coronavirus/novelcoronavirus/casedefinitions/
 - Avian influenza overview May August 2020 <u>https://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/publications-data/avian-influenza-overview-may-august-2020</u>
 - Avian influenza: EU on alert for new outbreaks <u>https://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/news-events/avian-influenza-eu-alert-new-outbreaks</u>
 - Information on COVID-19 in Ireland is available on the HPSC website https://www.hpsc.ie/a-z/respiratory/coronavirus/
 - The WHO categorised COVID-19 as a pandemic on 11 March 2020. For more information about the situation in the WHO European Region visit:
 - o WHO website: https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019
 - ECDC website: <u>https://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/novel-coronavirus-china</u>

11. WHO recommendations on the composition of influenza virus vaccines

The WHO vaccine strain selection committee recommends that quadrivalent egg-based vaccines for use in the 2022/2023 northern hemisphere influenza season contain the following:

- an A/Victoria/2570/2019 (H1N1)pdm09-like virus;
- an A/Darwin/9/2021 (H3N2)-like virus;
- a B/Austria/1359417/2021 (B/Victoria lineage)-like virus; and
- a B/Phuket/3073/2013 (B/Yamagata lineage)-like virus

https://www.who.int/teams/global-influenza-programme/vaccines/who-recommendations

The WHO vaccine strain selection committee recommends that quadrivalent egg-based vaccines for use in the 2023/2024 northern hemisphere influenza season contain the following:

- an A/Victoria/4897/2022 (H1N1)pdm09-like virus;
- an A/Darwin/9/2021 (H3N2)-like virus; and
- a B/Austria/1359417/2021 (B/Victoria lineage)-like virus; and
- a B/Phuket/3073/2013 (B/Yamagata lineage)-like virus.

https://www.who.int/news/item/24-02-2023-recommendations-announced-for-influenza-vaccine-composition-forthe-2023-2024-northern-hemisphere-influenza-season

Further information on influenza in Ireland is available at www.hpsc.ie

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